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Neousys Technology Inc.

Nuvo-8240GC Series

User Manual

Revision 1.1

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Legal Information

All Neousys Technology Inc. products shall be subject to the latest Standard Warranty Policy

Neousys Technology Inc. may modify, update or upgrade the software, firmware or any accompanying user documentation without any prior notice. Neousys Technology Inc. will provide access to these new software, firmware or documentation releases from download sections of our website or through our service partners.

Before installing any software, applications or components provided by a third party, customer should ensure that they are compatible and interoperable with Neousys Technology Inc. product by checking in advance with Neousys Technology Inc.. Customer is solely responsible for ensuring the compatibility and interoperability of the third party's products. Customer is further solely responsible for ensuring its systems, software, and data are adequately backed up as a precaution against possible failures, alternation, or loss.

For questions in regards to hardware/ software compatibility, customers should contact Neousys Technology Inc. sales representative or technical support.

To the extent permitted by applicable laws, Neousys Technology Inc. shall NOT be responsible for any interoperability or compatibility issues that may arise when (1) products, software, or options not certified and supported; (2) configurations not certified and supported are used; (3) parts intended for one system is installed in another system of different make or model.

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Declaration of Conformity

FCC

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

CE

The product(s) described in this manual complies with all applicable European Union (CE) directives if it has a CE marking. For computer systems to remain CE compliant, only CE-compliant parts may be used. Maintaining CE compliance also requires proper cable and cabling techniques.

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	Intel [®] , Core™ are registered trademarks of Intel Corporation
	NVIDIA [®] is a registered trademark of NVIDIA Corporation
	All other names, brands, products or services are trademarks or registered
	trademarks of their respective owners.

Safety Precautions

Read these instructions carefully before you install, operate, or transport the system.

- Install the system or DIN rail associated with, at a sturdy location
- Install the power socket outlet near the system where it is easily accessible
- Secure each system module(s) using its retaining screws
- Place power cords and other connection cables away from foot traffic. Do not place items over power cords and make sure they do not rest against data cables
- Shutdown, disconnect all cables from the system and ground yourself before touching internal modules
- Ensure that the correct power range is being used before powering the device
- Should a module fail, arrange for a replacement as soon as possible to minimize down-time
- By means of a power cord connected to a socket-outlet with earthing connection
- This product is intended to be supplied by a Listed Power Adapter or DC power source, rated 24Vdc, 16A, Tma 60 degree C and 5000m altitude during operation.
 If further assistance is required, please contact Neousys Technology
- If the system is not going to be used for a long time, disconnect it from mains (power socket) to avoid transient over-voltage

Hot Surface Warning



HOT SURFACE. DO NOT

Components/ parts inside the equipment may be hot to touch! Please wait one-half hour after switching off before handling parts.

TOUCH. "ATTENTION: Surface chaude. Ne pas toucher."

Battery Warning



• Batteries are at risk of exploding if incorrectly installed



 Do not attempt to recharge, force open, or heat the battery

WARNING!

• Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer

Service and Maintenance

- ONLY qualified personnel should service the system
- Shutdown the system, disconnect the power cord and all other connections before servicing the system
- When replacing/ installing additional components (expansion card, memory module, etc.), insert them as gently as possible while assuring proper connector engagement

ESD Precautions

- Handle add-on module, motherboard by their retention screws or the module's frame/ heat sink. Avoid touching the PCB circuit board or add-on module connector pins
- Use a grounded wrist strap and an anti-static work pad to discharge static electricity when installing or maintaining the system
- Avoid dust, debris, carpets, plastic, vinyl and Ityrofoam in your work area.
- Do not remove any module or component from its anti-static bag before installation

Restricted Access Location

The controller is intended for installation only in certain environments where both of the following conditions apply:

- Access can only be gained by QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL who have been instructed on the reasons for restrictions applied to the location and any precautions that shall be taken
- Access is through the use of a TOOL, lock and key, or other means of security, and is controlled by the authority responsible for the location

About This Manual

This manual introduces Neousys Nuvo-8240GC series featuring Intel[®] 8th/ 9th Gen Core[™] I hexa/ octa core 35W/ 65W LGA1151 processors and an NVIDIA graphics card. The Nuvo-8240GC system supports dual NVIDIA[®] Tesla T4 inference accelerators for excellent deep learning performances.

The guide also demonstrates the system's installation procedures.

Revision History

Version	Date	Description
1.0	Jun. 2020	Initial release
1.1	Oct. 2020	Updated CPU/ motherboard installation procedure



1 Introduction

Nuvo-8240GC is a rugged edge AI platform designed specifically to support dual NVIDIA® Tesla T4s for advanced inference acceleration applications. It features NVIDIA multi-precision Turing Tensor Cores and new RT Cores while offering tremendous GPU power up to 130 TFLOPS in FP16 and 520 TOPS in INT4 for emerging GPU-accelerated edge computing and advanced AI inference. In addition, Nuvo-8240GC is powered by Intel® Xeon® E or 9th/8th-Gen Core™ CPU up to 8-core/ 16-thread coupled with workstation-grade Intel® C246 chipset to support up to 128 GB ECC or non-ECC DDR4 memory.

The system incorporates one internal 2.5" SATA HDD/ SSD slot and one hot-swappable 2.5" tray for easy HDD/ SSD replacement. There is also an M.2 2280 socket for the ultimate PCIe NVMe SSD. Its front-accessible GbE and USB 3.1 Gen1/ Gen2 ports feature screw-lock mechanisms for secure cable connections. In addition to the dual x16 PCIe slots (8-lanes) for graphics card installation, Nuvo-8240GC has other two x8



PCIe slots (4-lanes) for expansion cards to extend function sets, making it that much more flexible for specific applications such as data collection, analytics and communication.

Nuvo-8240GC has a brand new power delivery design to accept 8~48V wide-range DC input with built-in ignition control. Mechanical wise, Nuvo-8240GC incorporates Neousys' proven heat dissipation design, damping brackets* for withstanding 3 Grms vibration, making it steady and rock-solid in various conditions. The Nuvo-8240GC is Neousys' response to the never-ending performance demand in industrial edge AI platforms and now with double the inference power, Nuvo-8240 is ready to take it to the next level.



1.1 Product Specifications

1.1.1 Nuvo-8240GC Specifications

System Core	
	Supporting Intel® Xeon® E and 8 th / 9 th Gen CPU (LGA1151 socket)
	Intel® Xeon® Processor E-2176G/ 2278GE (8C/16T) / 2278GEL (8C/16T)
	Intel® Core™ i7-9700E/ i7-9700TE
	Intel® Core™ i7-8700/ i7-8700T
Processor	Intel® Core™ i5-9500E/ i5-9500TE
	Intel® Core™ i5-8500/ i5-8500T
	Intel® Core™ i3-9100E/ i3-9100TE
	Intel® Core™ i3-8100/ i3-8100T
Chipset	Intel® C246 platform controller hub
Graphics	integrated Intel® UHD Graphics 630
Memory	Up to 128 GB ECC/ non-ECC DDR4-2133 SDRAM (four SODIMM slots)
AMT	Supports AMT 12.0
ТРМ	Supports TPM 2.0
I/O Interface	
Ethorpot	1x Gigabit Ethernet port by Intel® I219-LM
Ethernet	1x Gigabit Ethernet port by Intel® I210-IT
	1x VGA connector, supporting 1920 x 1200 resolution
Native Video	1x DVI-D connector, supporting 1920 x 1200 resolution
	1x DisplayPort connector, supporting 4096 x 2304 resolution
Serial Port 2x software-programmable RS-232/ 422/ 485 ports (COM1/ COM2)	
	4x USB 3.1 Gen2 (10 Gbps) ports
USB	4x USB 3.1 Gen1 (5 Gbps) ports
	1x USB 2.0 ports (internal for dongle use)
Audio	1x 3.5mm jack for mic-in and speaker-out
Storage Interface	
SATA	1x hot-swappable HDD tray for 2.5" HDD/ SSD installation
	1x internal SATA port for 2.5" HDD/ SSD installation, supporting RAID 0/ 1
M.2	1x M.2 2280 M key socket (PCIe Gen3 x4) for NVMe SSD or Intel® Optane
	TM memory installation
mSATA	2x full-size mSATA port (mux with mini-PCIe)
Expansion Bus	<u> </u>
PCI Express	2x PCIe x16 slot@Gen3, 8-lanes



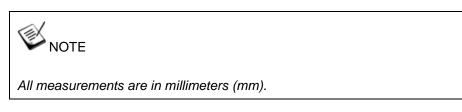
2x PCIe x8 slots@Gen3, 4-lanes					
M.2	1x M.2 2242 B key socket supporting dual SIM mode with selected				
	M.2 LTE module				
Mini-PCIe	2x full-size mini PCI Express socket				
Power Supply					
DC Input	1x 4-pin pluggable terminal block for 8~48V DC input with ignition control				
Mechanical					
Dimension	190 (W) x 270 (D) x 198 (H)				
Weight	5 kg				
Mounting	Neousys' patented damping brackets (standard)				
Environmental					
Operating	with 35W CPU				
temperature	-25°C ~ 60°C **				
	with 65W CPU				
	-25°C ~ 60°C */ ** (configured as 35W TDP mode)				
	-25°C ~ 50°C */ ** (configured as 65W TDP mode)				
	Note: In compliance with NVIDIA [®] Tesla T4 warranty policy, an operating				
	temperature of 0° C ~ 50° C is required for systems with Tesla T4 installed.				
Storage	-40°C ~85°C				
temperature	-40 C ~85 C				
Humidity	10%~90% , non-condensing				
Vibration	Operating, MIL-STD-810G, Method 514.6, Category 4 and 3 Grms				
* Shock	Operating, MIL-STD-810G, Method 516.6, Procedure I, Table 516.6-II				
EMC	CE/FCC Class A, according to EN 55022 & EN 55024				
·					

* For i7-9700E and i7-8700 running at 65W mode, the highest operating temperature shall be limited to 50°C and thermal throttling may occur when sustained full-loading applied. Users can configure CPU power in BIOS to obtain higher operating temperature.

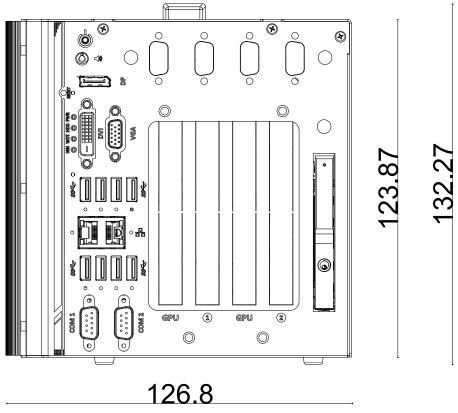
** For sub-zero operating temperature, a wide temperature HDD or SSD is required.



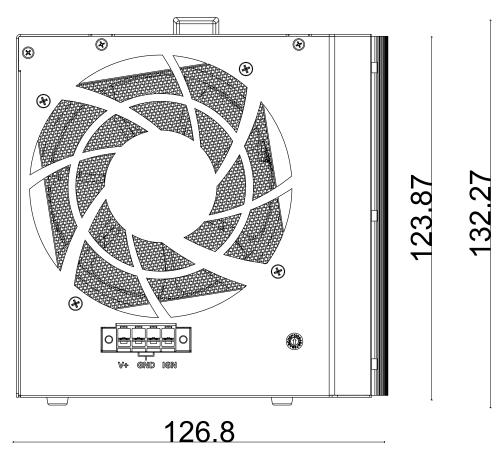
1.2 Nuvo-8240GC Dimension



1.2.1 Nuvo-8240GC I/O Panel View



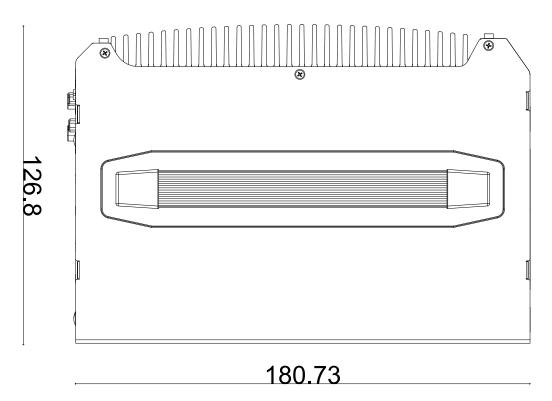




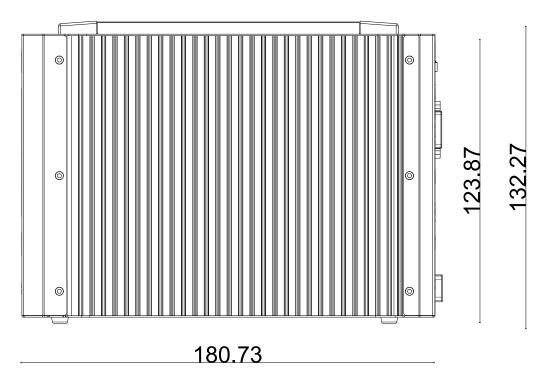
1.2.2 Nuvo-8240GC 4-Pin Terminal Block Panel View



1.2.3 Nuvo-8240GC Top Panel View

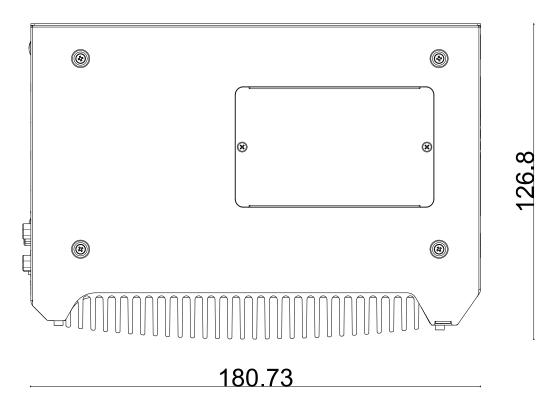


1.2.4 Nuvo-8240GC Heatsink Panel View





1.2.5 Nuvo-8240GC Bottom View





2 System Overview

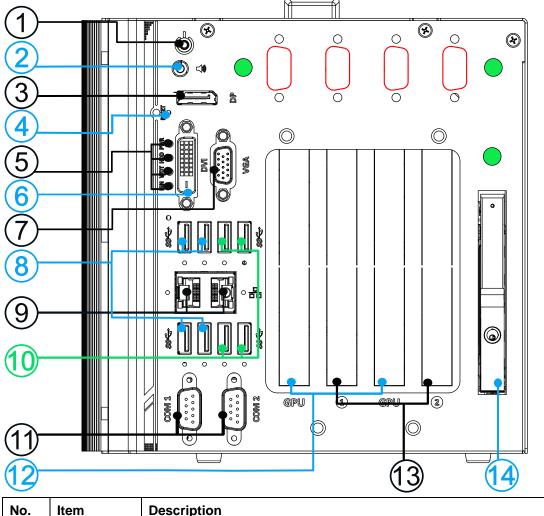
Upon receiving and unpacking your Nuvo-8240GC system, please check immediately if the package contains all the items listed in the following table. If any item(s) are missing or damaged, please contact your local dealer or Neousys Technology.

2.1 Nuvo-8240GC Packing List

System	Nuvo-8240GC			
Pack	Nuvo-8240GC			
	Nuvo-8240GC system			
I	(If you ordered CPU/ RAM/ HDD, please verify these items)			
	Accessory box, which contains			
	CPU bracket	1		
2	 Neousys drivers & utilities DVD 	1		
2	• 3-pin power terminal block	2		
	 HDD pad for 2.5" HDD/SSD (if HDD is not installed) 	2		
	Screw pack	1		

2.2 External I/O Panel

The Nuvo-8240GC I/O panel features Gen2/ Gen1 USB3.0, DisplayPort, DVI, VGA, dual Ethernet and COM ports.



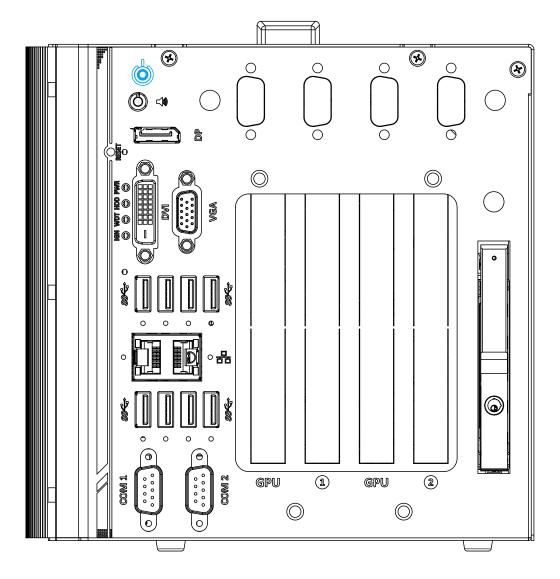
No.	ltem	Description				
1	<u>Power</u> button	Use this button to turn on or shutdown the system.				
2	<u>Speaker-out</u> 3.5mm jack	Speaker-out jack for sound output.				
3	<u>DisplayPort</u>	Support display resolutions up to 4096 x 2304. Compatible with HDMI/ DVI via respective adapter/ cable (resolution may vary).				
4	Reset button	Use this button to manual reset the system.				
5	LED_ indicator	From top to bottom, the four system LEDs are PWR (system power), HDD (hard disk drive), WDT (watchdog timer) and IGN (ignition control).				
6	DVI port	DVI-D output supports resolution up to 1920x1200@60Hz and is compatible with other digital connections via an adapter.				



7	VGA port	VGA output supports resolution up to 1920x1200@60Hz			
8	<u>USB 3.1</u> <u>Gen2 port</u>	USB3.1 Gen 2 port (SuperSpeed+) offers up to 10Gbps, twice the			
		bandwidth over existing SuperSpeed USB3.1 Gen. 1 connection. It is			
		also backwards compatible with USB3.0 and USB2.0			
		1x Gigabit Ethernet port by Intel® I219-LM			
9	<u>GbE port</u>	1x Gigabit Ethernet port by Intel® I210-IT			
10	<u>USB 3.1</u>	LISP2 1 Con 1 offers up to 5Chps of data throughput performance			
10	Gen1 port	USB3.1 Gen 1 offers up to 5Gbps of data-throughput performance			
	COM port	The software-selectable RS-232/422/485 ports. The operation mode of			
11		COM1 and COM2 can be set in BIOS.			
12	PCIe slots	2x PCIe x8 slots @ Gen3, 4-lanes expansion slot			
13	GPU slot	PCIe x16 slot @ Gen3, 8-lanes expansion slot			
14	<u>2.5" HDD/</u>	The HDD expansion trav offer bet swep ability			
14	SSD tray	The HDD expansion tray offer hot-swap ability			
		Reserved antenna opening			
		Reserved DB9 connector opening			

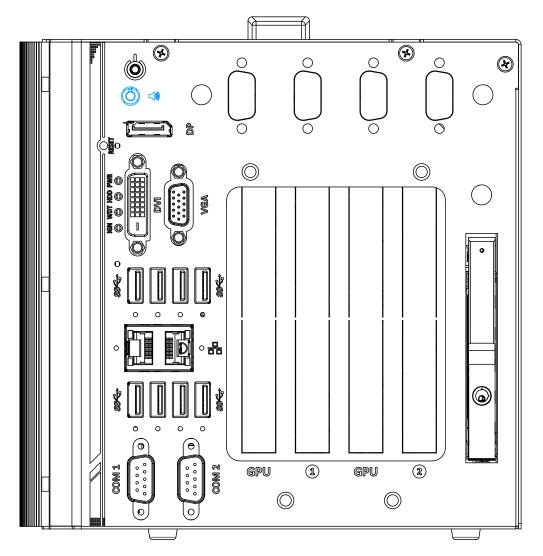


2.2.1 Power Button



The power button is a non-latched switch for ATX mode on/off operation. To turn on the system, press the power button and the PWR LED should light-up green. To turn off the system, issuing a shutdown command in OS is preferred, or you can simply press the power button. To force shutdown when the system freezes, press and hold the power button for 5 seconds. Please note that there is a 5-second interval between on/off operations (i.e. once the system is turned off, there is a 5-second wait before you can power-on the system).



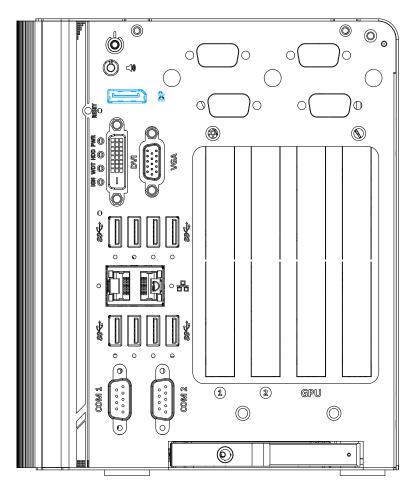


2.2.2 3.5mm Speaker/ Headphone Output Jack

The system audio function uses high definition audio. There is a female 3-pole for headphone (speaker) output. To utilize the audio function in Windows, you need to install corresponding drivers for both Intel[®] C246 chipset and audio device drivers.



2.2.3 DisplayPort



The DisplayPort (DP) output is a digital display interface that mainly connect video source and carry audio to a display device. When connecting a DP, it can deliver up to 4K UHD (4096 x 2304) in resolution. The system is designed to support passive DP adapter/ cable. You can connect to other display devices using DP-to-HDMI cable or DP-to-DVI cable.

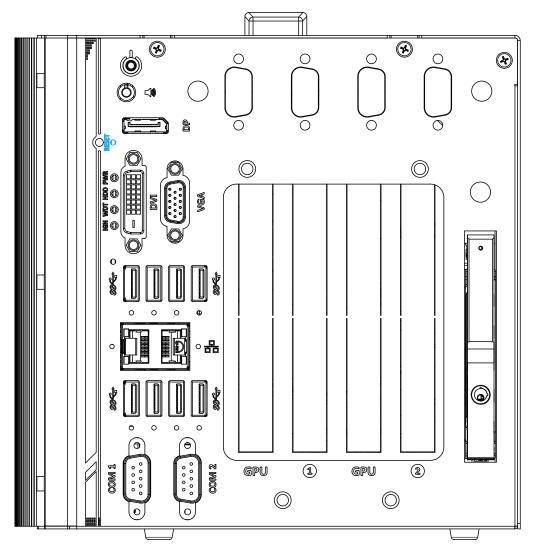


DP-to-HDMI

DP-to-DVI

The system supports triple independent display outputs by connecting display devices to VGA, DVI and DisplayPort connection. To support multiple display outputs and achieve best DisplayPort output resolution in Windows, you need to install corresponding graphics drivers. Please refer to section <u>OS Support and Driver Installation</u> for details.

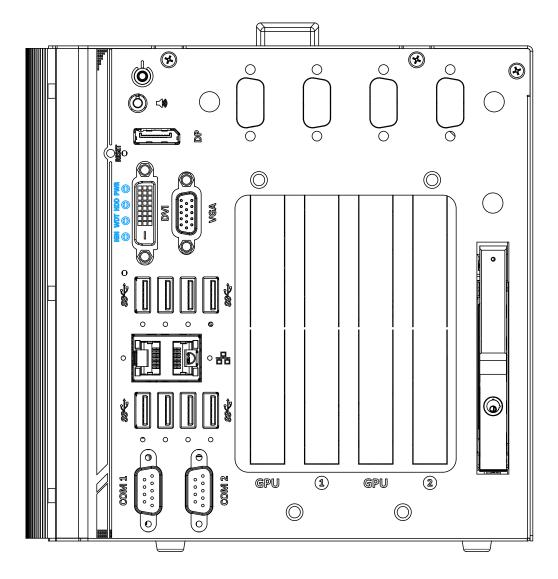
2.2.4 Reset Button



The reset button is used to manually reset the system in case of system halt or malfunction. To avoid unexpected reset, the button is purposely placed behind the panel. To reset, please use a pin-like object (eg. tip of a pen) to access the reset button



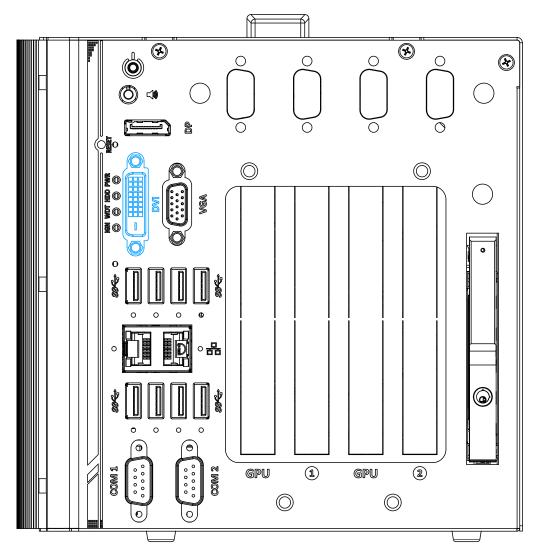
2.2.5 LED Indicators



There are four LED indicators on the I/O panel: PWR, HDD, WDT and IGN. The descriptions of these four LED are listed in the following table.

Indicator	Color	Description		
PWR	Green	Power indictor, lid when system is on.		
HDD	Red	Hard drive indicator, flashing when hard disk drive is active.		
WDT	Yellow	Watchdog timer LED, flashing when WDT is active.		
IGN	Yellow	Ignition signal indicator, lid when IGN is high (12V/24V).		

2.2.6 DVI Port

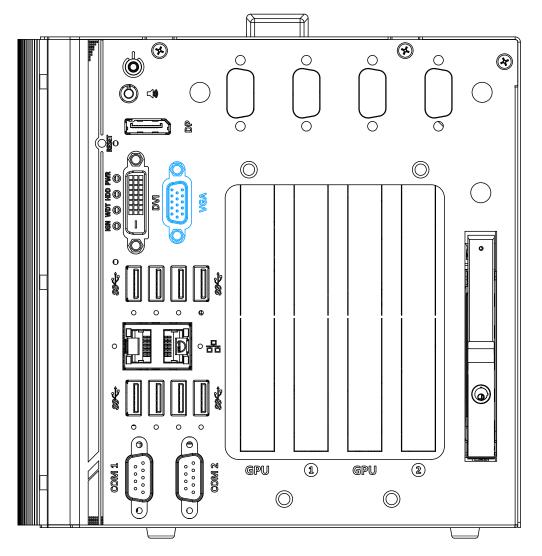


DVI-D transmits graphics data in digital format and therefore can deliver better image quality at high resolution. The DVI connector on the front panel can either output DVI signals or other digital signals (via an adapter/ cable) depending on the display device connected. It supports resolutions up to 1920x1200@60Hz.

The system supports triple independent display outputs by connecting display devices to VGA, DVI and DisplayPort. To support multiple display outputs and achieve best DVI output resolution in Windows, you need to install corresponding graphics driver. Please refer to section OS Support and Driver Installation for details.



2.2.7 VGA Port



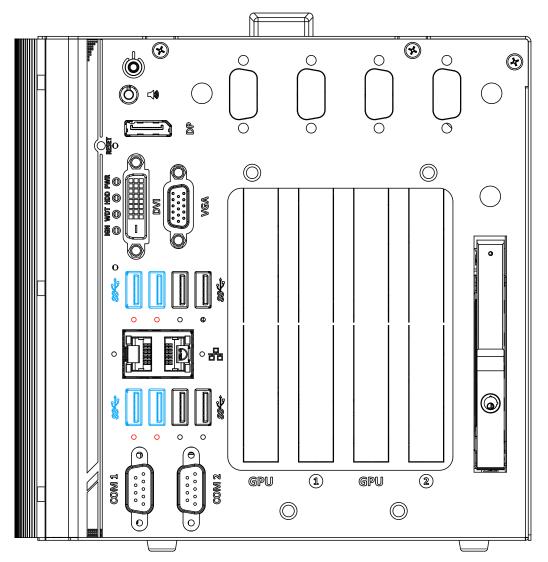
VGA connector is the most common video display connection. The VGA output supports up to 1920x1200@60Hz resolution.

The system supports triple independent display outputs by connecting display devices to VGA, DVI and DisplayPort. To support multiple display outputs and achieve best VGA output resolution in Windows, you need to install corresponding graphics drivers. Please refer to section <u>OS Support and Driver Installation</u> for details.



Please make sure your VGA cable includes SDA and SCL (DDC clock and data) signals for correct communication with monitor to get resolution/timing information. A cable without SDA/ SCL can cause blank screen on your VGA monitor due to incorrect resolution/timing output.

2.2.8 USB3.1 Gen 2 Port

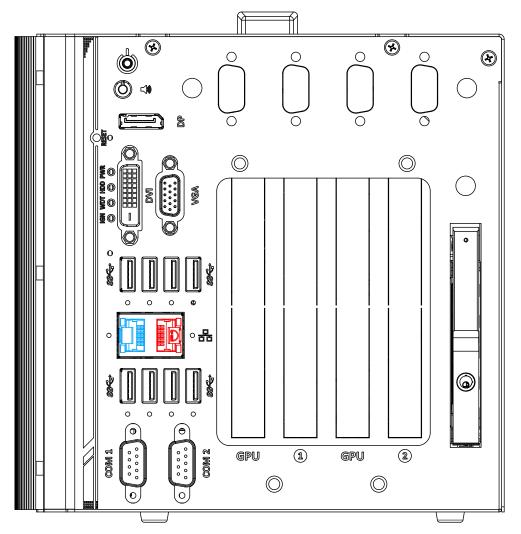


The system's USB 3.1 Gen 2 ports (10Gbps) are implemented via native xHCI (eXtensible Host Controller Interface) controller and are backward compatible with USB3.1 Gen.1 USB 2.0, USB 1.1 and USB 1.0 devices. Legacy USB is also supported so you can use USB keyboard/mouse in DOS environment. There are also screw-lock openings (indicated in **red**) for each USB port.

xHCI driver is supported natively in Windows 10, therefore you do not need to install xHCI driver in prior to utilize USB functions.



2.2.9 Gigabit Ethernet Port



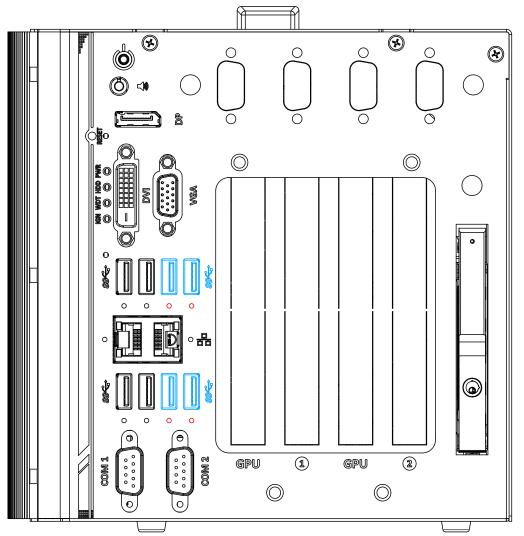
The system offers 2 GbE ports on its I/O panel. The GbE ports are marked in **blue**/ **red** and are implemented with Intel[®] I219-LM/ Intel[®] I210-IT controllers, respectively. Each port has one dedicated PCI Express link for maximum performance. When an Ethernet connection is established, the LED indicators on the RJ45 connector represents the following connection statuses:

Active/	Link LED
---------	----------

LED Color	Status	Description		
	Off	Ethernet port is disconnected		
Green	On	Ethernet port is connected and no data transmission		
	Flashing	Ethernet port is connected and data is transmitting/receiving		
Speed LED				
LED Color	Status	Description		
Green or Orange	Off	10 Mbps		
	Green	100 Mbps		
	Orange	1000 Mbps		

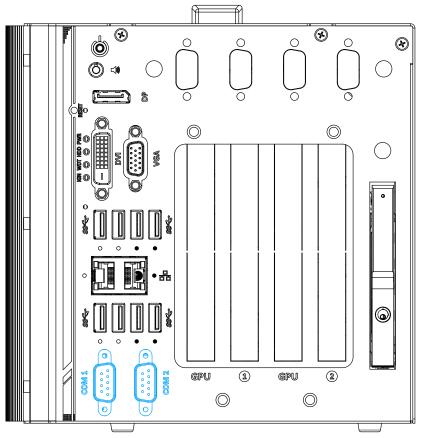
The port implemented using Intel[®] I219-LM (in **blue**) supports Wake-on-LAN function. Drivers may be required to utilize the GbE port in Windows environment.

2.2.10 USB3.1 Gen 1 Port



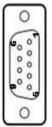
The system's USB 3.0 Gen 1 ports (5Gbps) are implemented via native xHCI (eXtensible Host Controller Interface) controller and are backward compatible with USB 2.0, USB 1.1 and USB 1.0 devices. Legacy USB is also supported so you can use USB keyboard/mouse in DOS environment. There are also screw-lock openings (indicated in **red**) for each USB port. xHCI driver is supported natively in Windows 10, therefore you do not need to install xHCI driver in prior to utilize USB functions.

2.2.11 COM Port



The two COM ports are implemented using industrial-grade ITE8786 Super IO chip (-40 to 85°C) and provide up to 115200 bps baud rate.

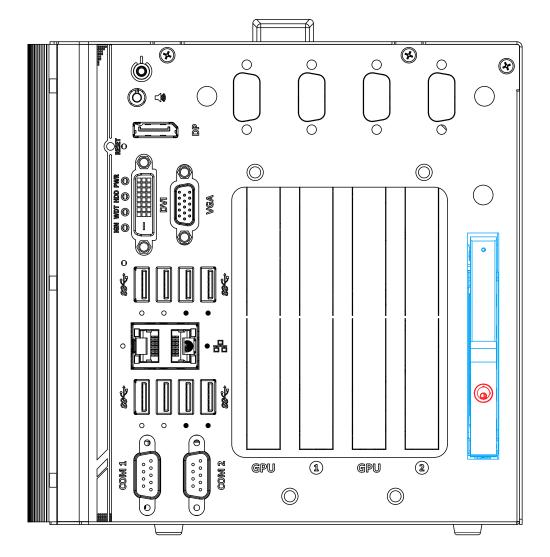
COM1 and COM2 (in **red**) are software-configurable RS-232/422/485 ports. COM3 and COM4 (in **blue**) are standard 9-wire RS-232 ports. The operation mode of COM1 and COM2 can be set in BIOS setup utility. The following table describes the pin definition of COM ports.



COM Port Pin Definition

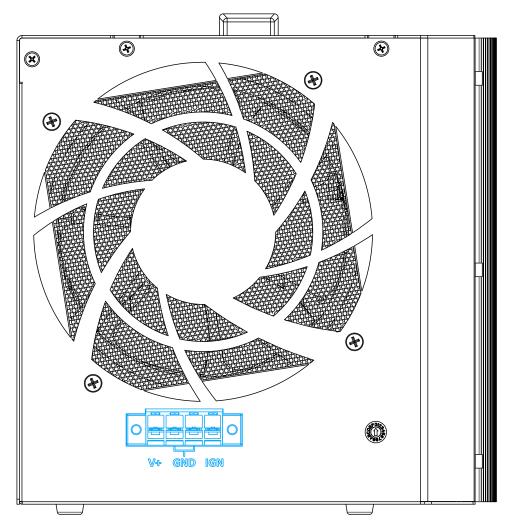
	COM1 & COM2			
Pin#	RS-232 Mode	RS-422 Mode	RS-485 Mode	
1	DCD			
2	RX	422 TXD+	485 TXD+/RXD+	
3	ТХ	422 RXD+		
4	DTR	422 RXD-		
5	GND	GND	GND	
6	DSR			
7	RTS			
8	CTS	422 TXD-	485 TXD-/RXD-	
9	RI			





2.2.12 2.5" HDD/ SSD Hot-swappable Tray

The system has an external 2.5" HDD/ SSD via a hot-swappable tray. Designed for easy access, the HDD/ SSD slot is secured by a lock (indicated in red) and it supports RAID modes 0/ 1 configuration by combining with the internal HDD/ SSD drive for OS installation (coupled with the internal HDD). To set up RAID, please refer to RAID Volume Configuration section for details.



2.3 Ignition/ Dual 4-Pin Terminal Block

The system accepts a wide range of DC power input from 8 to 48V via a 4-pin pluggable terminal block, which is fit for field usage where DC power is provided. The screw clamping mechanism on the terminal block offers connection reliability when wiring DC power. In addition to DC power input, this terminal block can also accept ignition signal input (IGN) for in-vehicle applications.

Please make sure the voltage of DC power is correct before you connect it to the system. Supplying a voltage over 48V will damage the system.



2.4 Ignition Control Switch



The ignition power control switch features multiple modes for pre and post ignition settings. Please refer to the section Ignition Power Control for details. Please use a flathead screwdriver to adjust the position of the ignition power control switch.

For details, please refer to the section Ignition Power Control for details



2.5 Internal I/O Functions

In addition to I/O connectors on the front panel, the system also provides internal on-board connectors, such as remote on/off control, LED status output, internal USB 2.0 ports, etc. In this section, we'll illustrate these internal I/O functions.

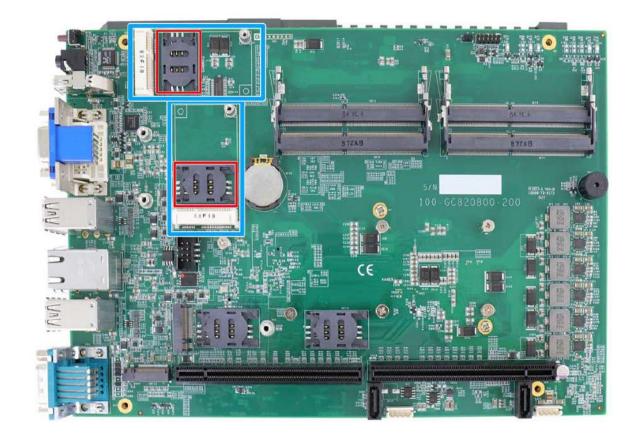
2.5.1 Dual SODIMM DRAM Slot



The system motherboard supports four 260-pin SODIMM socket for installing DDR4 memory module up to 128GB. Each slot supports single module DDR4 2133MHz SODIMM up to 32GB capacity.

NOTE

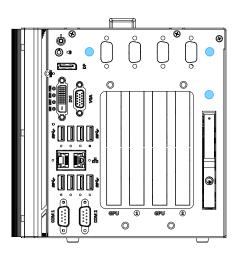
When changes are made to DRAM module(s), such as additionally install or remove and reinstall (into the same/ different slot, it will result in an approximately 30~60 seconds delay when booting up for the first time after such change(s).



2.5.2 Dual Mode mSATA/ mini-PCIe Socket & Pin Definition

The system provides a dual mode mSATA/ mini-PCIe socket (indicated in **blue**) that is in compliance with mini-PCIe specification rev. 1.2. You can install either an mSATA SSD or mini-PCIe module into this socket and the system will automatically detect and configure it to run PCIe or SATA signals. This mini-PCIe socket is designed with SIM card (slot indicated in **red**) support. With a SIM card installed, your system can access the internet via your network provider's 3G/ 4G network.

For wireless (WIFI/ 3G/ 4G) communication, multiple SMA antenna apertures can be located on the IO panel.





52 50	51 49 47 45 43 41 39 37 35 33 31 29 27 25 23 21 19 17 15 13 11 9 7 5 3 1 52 50 48 46 44 42 40 38 36 34 32 30 26 24 22 20 18 16 14 12 10 8 6 4 2					
Pin	Signal (mPCle)	Signal (mSATA)	Pin #	Signal (mPCle)	Signal (mSATA)	
1	WAKE#	-	2	+3.3Vaux	3.3V	
3	-	-	4	GND	GND	
5	-	-	6	+1.5V	+1.5V	
7	CLKREQ#	-	8	UIM_PWR	-	
9	GND	GND	10	UIM_DATA	-	
11	REFCLK-	-	12	UIM_CLK	-	
13	REFCLK+	-	14	UIM_RESET	-	
15 GND		GND	16	UIM_VPP	-	
Mecha	anical Key					
17	Reserved*	-	18	GND	GND	
19	Reserved*	-	20	W_DISABLE#	-	
21	GND	GND	22	PERST#	-	
23	PERn0	SATA_Rxp	24	3.3V	3.3V	
25	PERp0	SATA_Rxn	26	GND	GND	
27	GND	GND	28	+1.5V	+1.5V	
29	GND	GND	30	SMB_CLK	SMB_CLK	
31	PETn0	SATA_Txn	32	SMB_DATA	SMB_DATA	
33	PETp0	SATA_Txp	34	GND	GND	
35	GND	GND	36	USB_D-	-	
37	GND	GND	38	USB_D+	-	
39	3.3V	3.3V	40	GND	GND	
41	3.3V	3.3V	42	-	-	
43	GND	-	44	-	-	
45	Reserved	-	46	-	-	
47	Reserved	-	48	+1.5V	+1.5V	
49	Reserved	-	50	GND	GND	
51	Reserved	-	52	3.3V	3.3V	

Dual mode mSATA/ mini-PCle socket definition

Some off-the-shelf mini-PCIe 4G modules are not compliant to standard mini-PCIe interface. They use 1.8V I/O signals instead of standard 3.3V I/O and may have signal conflict. Please consult with Neousys for compatibility when in doubt!

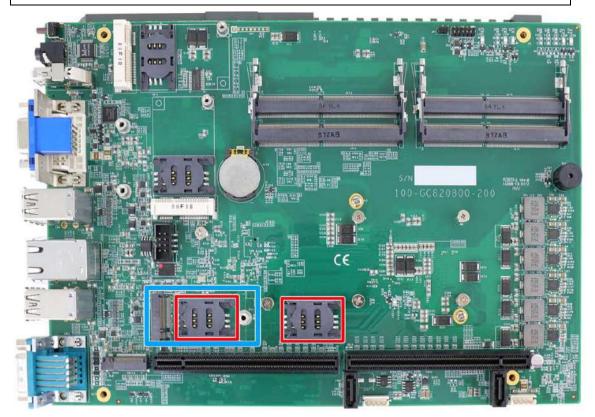
Installing an incompatible 4G module may damage the system or the module itself may be damaged.



2.5.3 M.2 2242 (B Key), Mini-SIM Card Slot & Pin Definition

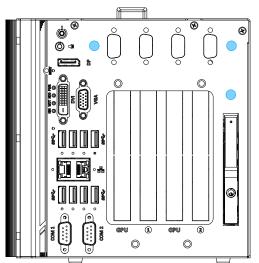


The dual SIM card functionality is only available when Sierra Wireless EM7455/7430 solution is installed. For other 4G add-on solutions, SIM card slot 1 is the default functioning slot.



The system has an M.2 2242 slot (indicated in **blue**) that works with dual SIM slots (4G + 3G) on the front panel (indicated in **red**). By installing a 3G or 4G M.2 module and SIM card, you can access the internet via the provider's network.

For wireless 3G/4G, SMA antenna apertures are located on the I/O panel.



1	11 21		75				
2	10 20	1	74				
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal				
1	-	2	+3V3				
3	GND	4	+3V3				
5	GND	6	FULL_CARD_POWER_OFF_N				
7	USB_D+	8	W_DISABLE_N				
9	USB_D-	10	-				
11	GND	J					
Mechanical Key							
21	-	20	-				
23	-	22	-				
25	-	24	-				
27	GND	26	-				
29	USB3.0-RX-	28	-				
31	USB3.0-RX+	30	UIM1-RESET				
33	GND	32	UIM1-CLK				
35	USB3.0-TX-	34	UIM1-DATA				
37	USB3.0-TX+	36	UIM1-PWR				
39	GND	38	-				
41	PERn0 / SATA-B+	40	UIM2-DET				
43	PERp0 / SATA-B-	42	UIM2-DATA				
45	GND	44	UIM2-CLK				
47	PETn0 / SATA-A-	46	UIM2-RST				
49	PETp0 / SATA-A+	48	UIM2-PWR				
51	GND	50	PERST_N				
53	REFCLKN	52	-				
55	REFCLKP	54	-				
57	GND	56	-				
59	-	58	-				
61	-	60	-				
63	-	62	-				
65	-	64	-				
67	RESET_N	66	UIM1_DETECT				
69	CONFIG_1	68	-				
71	GND	70	+3V3				
73	GND	72	+3V3				
75	-	74	+3V3				

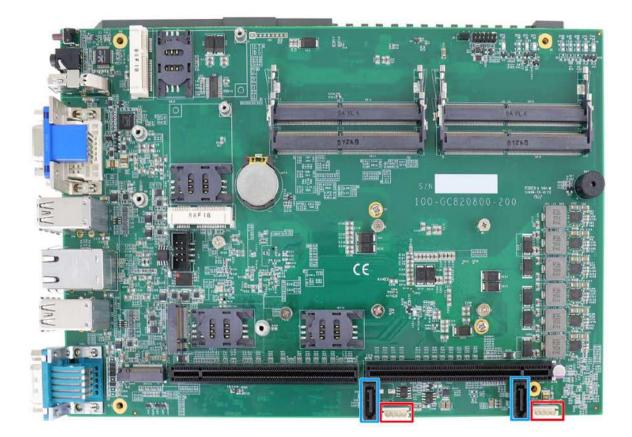
M.2 (B Key) Slot Pin Definition



2.5.4 SATA Ports



Supports up to 15mm thickness HDD/ SSD.

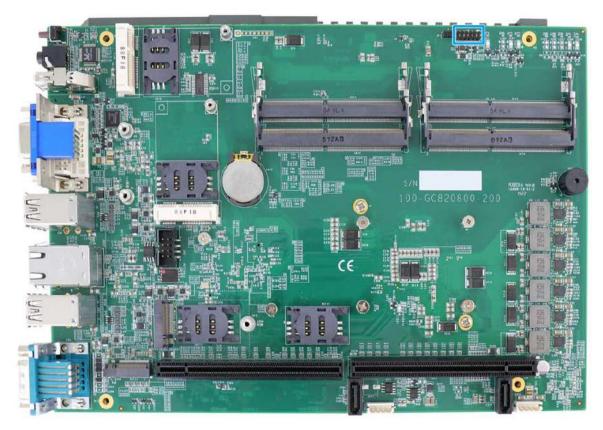


The system provides two SATA ports which support Gen3, 6 Gb/s SATA signals. Each SATA port (indicated in **blue**) features a 7-pin SATA connector and a 4-pin power connector.

The power connector (indicated in **red**) each accommodates a 2.5" HDD/ SSD in internal HDD bracket. Standard 22-pin SATA connectors are provided with the system. You may refer to the SATA Configuration section for SATA settings.



2.5.5 On/ Off Ctrl & Status Output



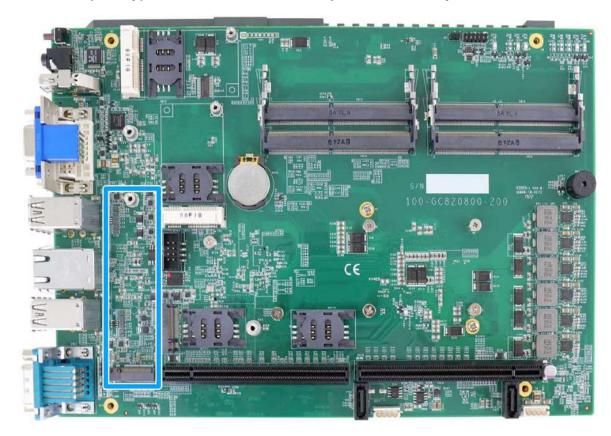
Pin#	Definition	Description
1	WDT_LED-	[Output] Watchdog timer indicator, flashing when Watchdog
2	WDT_LED+	timer is active
3	Standby Power-	[Output] Standby power indicator, on if DC power is applied
4	Standby Power+	and system is in S5 (standby) mode.
5	HDD-	[Output] Hard drive indicator, flashing when SATA hard
6	HDD+	drive is active.
7	Power-	[Output] System power indicator, on if system is turned on,
8	Power+	off if system is turned off.
9	Ctrl-	[Input] Remote on/off control, connects to an external
10	Ctrl+	switch to turn on/off the system (polarity is negligible).
11	IGN_LED-	[Output] Ignition control indicator, on if ignition control is on,
12	IGN_LED+	off if ignition control is off.



2.5.6 Internal USB 2.0 Port



The system's daughter board has an internal USB2.0 port on the PCBA. You can utilize this USB port to connect a USB protection dongle inside the chassis of the system.



2.5.7 M.2 2280 (M Key) Slot for NVMe SSD or Optane[™] Memory

The system has anx4 PCIe M.2 2280 slot (also in compliance with SATA signal) for you to install an NVMe SSD for the ultimate performance or an Intel[®] Optane[™] memory to accelerate the read/ write performances of traditional hard disk drive. An NVMe SSD offers exceptional performance over 2.5" SSDs while Intel[®] Optane[™] memory can dramatically boost your traditional hard disk drives' read/ write performances.

NOTE

The M.2 slot will automatically detect and configure the slot to run PCIe or SATA signal depending on the installed device.

1	11 21		57 67		
2	10 20				
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal		
1	GND	2	+3V3		
3	GND	4	+3V3		
5	PERN3	6	-		
7	PERP3	8	-		
9	GND	10	DAS/DSS_N		
11	PETN3	12	+3V3		
13	PETP3	14	+3V3		
15	GND	16	+3V3		
17	PERN2	18	+3V3		
19	PERP2	20	-		
21	GND	22	-		
23	PETN2	24	-		
25	PETP2	26	-		
27	GND	28	-		
29	PERN1	30	-		
31	PERP1	32	-		
33	GND	34	-		
35	PETN1	36	-		
37	PETP1	38	-		
39	GND	40	-		
41	PERn0 / SATA-B+	42	-		
43	PERp0 / SATA-B-	44	-		
45	GND	46	-		
47	PETn0 / SATA-A-	48	-		
49	PETp0 / SATA-A+	50	PERST_N		
51	GND	52	-		
53	REFCLKN	54	-		
55	REFCLKP	56	-		
57	GND	58	-		
Mechanical Key					
67	-	68	SUSCLK		
69	PEDET	70	+3V3		
71	GND	72	+3V3		
73	GND	74	+3V3		
75	GND				

M.2 (M Key) Slot Pin Definition



3 System Installation

Before disassembling the system enclosure and installing components and modules, please make sure you have done the following:

- It is recommended that only qualified service personnel should install and service this product to avoid injury or damage to the system.
- Please observe all ESD procedures at all times to avoid damaging the equipment.
- Before disassembling your system, please make sure the system has powered off, all cables and antennae (power, video, data, etc.) are disconnected.
- Place the system on a flat and sturdy surface (remove from mounts or out of server cabinets) before proceeding with the installation/ replacement procedure.

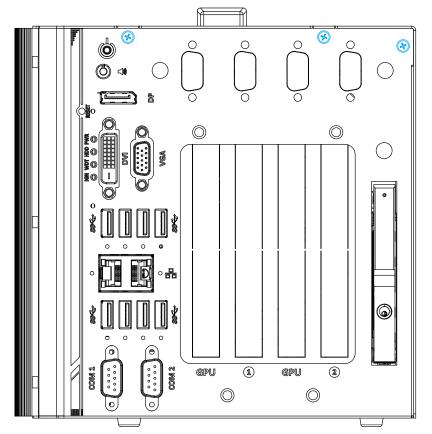


3.1 Disassembling the Enclosure

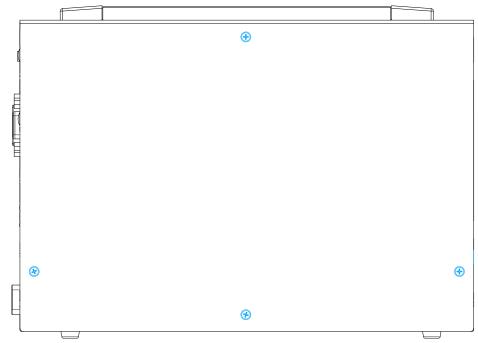
To access system internal components, the system needs to be disassembled. To

disassemble the system enclosure, you need to remove the following:

1. Remove the screws indicated in **blue** on the I/O panel.

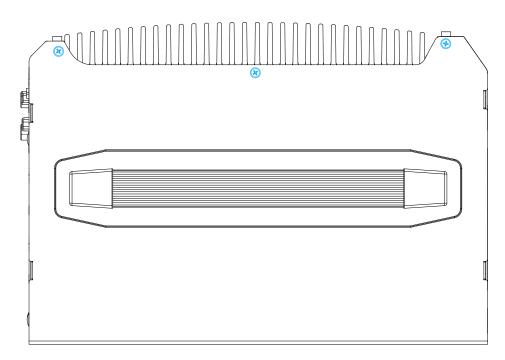


2. Remove the screws indicated in **blue** on the side panel.

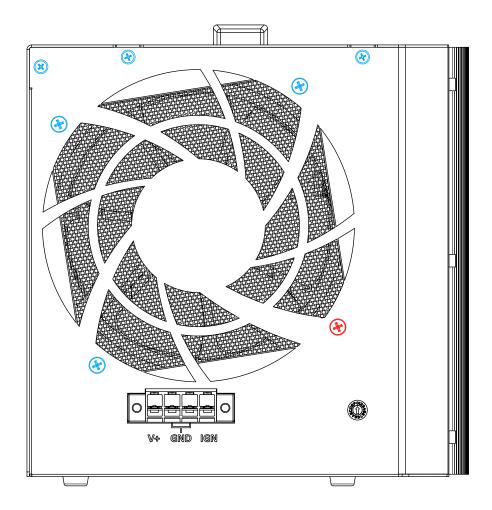




3. Remove the screws indicated in **blue** on the top panel.



4. Remove the screws indicated in **blue** on the fan intake panel. Notice the screw indicated in **red**, only remove this screw if you wish to remove the fan as well.





5. Using the handle on top, gently lift the L-shaped enclosure. You will see an internal panel indicated in green that needs to be removed before you can access the internal components. To do so, remove the screws indicated in blue and gently lift the panel upward while paying attention to the protruding corner from the fan indicated in red. Removing the three screws on the external panel mentioned earlier allows the fan to rotate and the removal of the internal panel.



6. With the panel removed, you can now remove the extension board by removing the screws indicated in **blue**.



7. Gently pull and slide the extension board out of the enclosure to gain access to internal expansion slots.

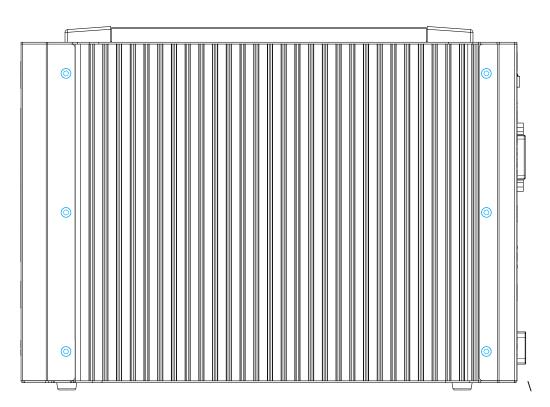




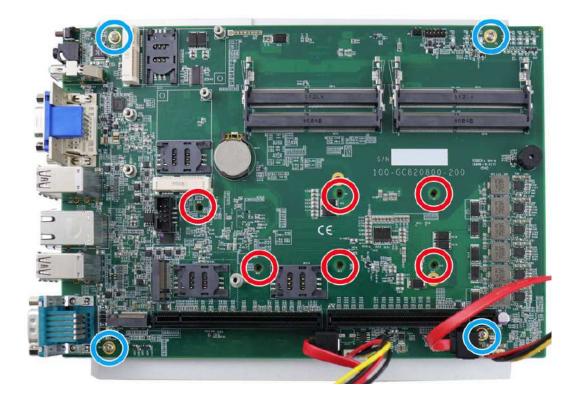
3.2 Installing Internal Components

3.2.1 CPU Installation Procedure

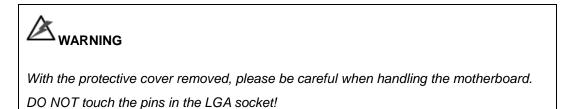
- 1. To install the CPU, you will need to separate the heatsink and the motherboard. To do so, please refer to the <u>Disassembling the Enclosure section</u>.
- 2. Separate the motherboard and heatsink from the enclosure by removing the hex-bolt screws indicated in **blue**.



3. Next step is to separate the motherboard from the heatsink. Remove the screws indicated below (if you are installing the CPU for the first time, you need not remove the screws indicated in **red** as they are not yet installed and the screws can be found in the accessory box).



4. Gently separate the motherboard from the heatsink, you'll see the CPU socket protective cover, place finger tips underneath the sign "REMOVE" for leverage and gently lift the cover.





5. Remove the CPU from its container/ tray. Match the two notches on the side to the protrusions in the socket, gently lower the CPU into the socket.



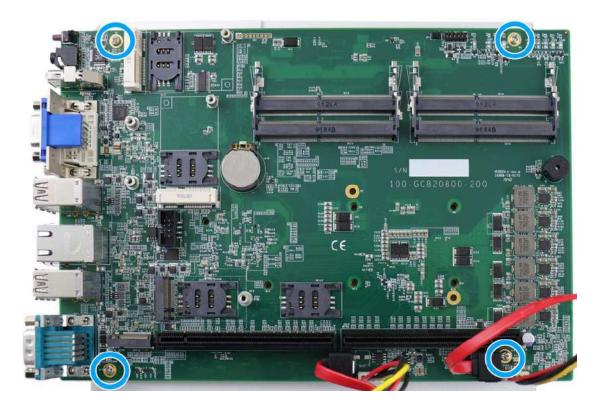
6. Locate the CPU retention bracket from the accessory box. Place the retention bracket on the CPU and hold it in place.



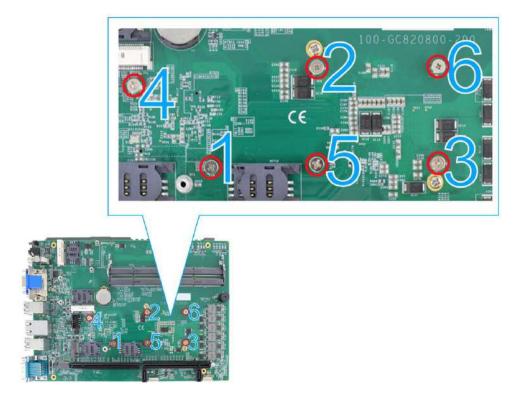
7. Turn the motherboard around and secure the bracket by tightening two M3 P-head screws.



- 8. Remove all thermal pads' protective films on the heatsink.
- 9. With the four motherboard standoffs aligned, gently lower the motherboard onto the heatsink and secure the screws indicated. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



10. Once the motherboard has been installed, you're ready to secure the six spring screws found in the accessory box) that help the heatsink apply pressure to the CPU/ chipset die. You'll want to apply even pressure to the corners by gradually tightening each screw. Please refer to the recommended order when tightening the screws.



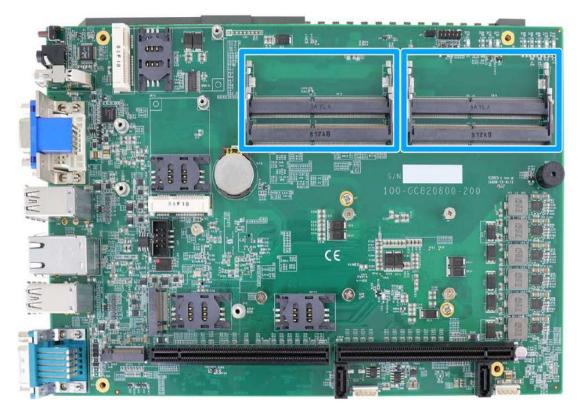
- 11. Reinstall the system enclosure when done.
- 12. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



3.2.2 DDR4 SO-DIMM Installation

There are two SO-DIMM memory slots (indicated in **blue**) on the motherboard that supports a total maximum of 64GB DDR4-2666. Please follow the procedures below to replace or install the memory modules.

- 1. Please refer to the section "Disassembling the System".
- 2. Locate the SODIMM memory module slots on the motherboard.



3. To install the memory module, insert gold fingers into the slot at 45-degree angle, push down on the memory module to clip the module into position.





4. Push the memory module down until it is clipped-in.



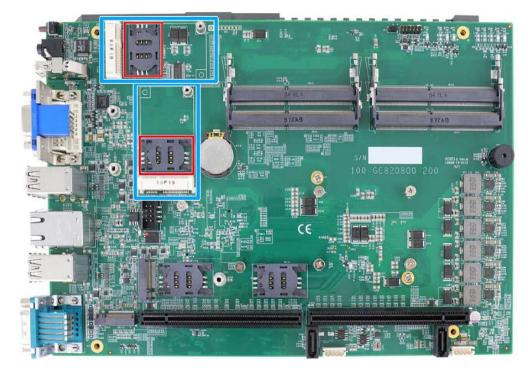
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to install the other module.
- 6. <u>Reinstall the system enclosure</u> and panel when done.
- 7. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



3.2.3 mPCle Module, Mini-SIM (2FF) Card and Antennae Installation

The system has an mPCIe slot (indicated in **blue**)coupled with Mini-SIM socket (indicated in **red**)for installing 3G/ 4G module. For installation, please refer to the following instructions.

- 1. Please refer to the section "Disassembling the System".
- 2. Locate the mPCIe and SIM card slots on the motherboard.



 Before installing the mPCIe module, you need to insert the Mini-SIM card. Slide the SIM slot holder and lift the SIM card holder. Insert the Mini-SIM card (pins facing up), shut the SIM holder and slide it to lock the SIM card in-place.

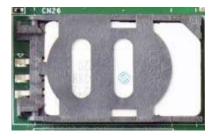


Slide and lift SIM card holder



Insert Mini-SIM card with pins facing up

4. Secure the Mini-SIM card by sliding the holder.





5. Insert the mPCIe module on a 45 degree angle into the mPCIe slot and secure the module.





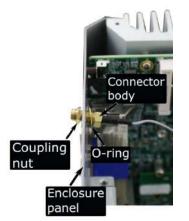
Insert on 45 degree angle

Secure the module

 Clip on the IPEZ-to-SMA cable to the module and secure the antenna connector body to the panel and install the antenna. Please refer to the module's manual for clip-on connection.



7.





Install antenna

Clip on IPEZ-to-SMA cable Secure antenna to rear panel

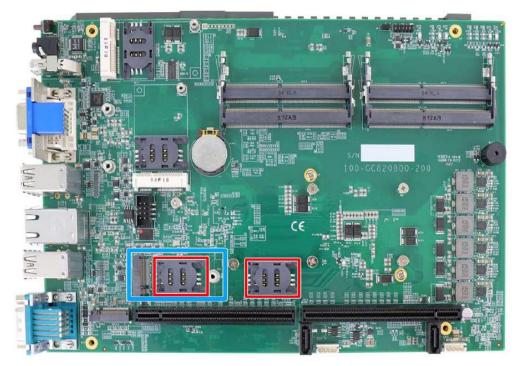
- Reinstall the system enclosure and panel when done.
- 8. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



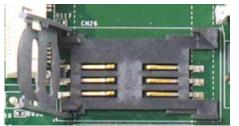
3.2.4 M.2 2242 (B Key) Module and Micro-SIM (3FF) Card Installation

The system has an M.2 slot (indicated in **blue**) for installing 3G/4G or a WiFi module that can be coupled with dual Micro-SIM card slots (indicated in **red**). For installation, please refer to the following instructions.

- 1. Please refer to the section "Disassembling the System".
- 2. Locate the M.2 2242 (B Key) and SIM card slots on the motherboard.



 Before installing the mPCIe module, you need to insert the Mini-SIM card. Slide the SIM slot holder and lift the SIM card holder. Insert the Mini-SIM card (pins facing up), shut the SIM holder and slide it to lock the SIM card in-place.



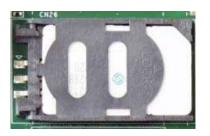
Slide and lift SIM card holder



Insert Mini-SIM card with pins facing up



4. Secure the SIM card by sliding the holder.



5. Insert the module on a 45 degree angle.

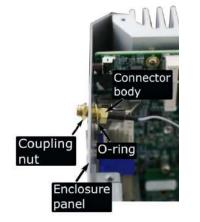


6. Gently press down and secure the module with an M2.5 P-head screw.



 Clip on the IPEZ-to-SMA cable to the module and secure the antenna connector body to the panel and install the antenna. Please refer to the module's manual for clip-on connection.







Clip on IPEZ-to-SMA cable

Secure antenna to rear panel

Install antenna

- 8. <u>Reinstall the system enclosure</u> and panel when done.
- 9. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



3.2.5 M.2 2280 NVMe SSD or Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory Installation

The system has a x4 PCIe M.2 2280 slot for you to install an NVMe SSD for the ultimate performance or an Intel® Optane[™] memory to accelerate the read/ write performances of traditional hard disk drive. An NVMe SSD offers exceptional performance over 2.5" SSDs while Intel® Optane[™] memory can dramatically boost your traditional hard disk drives' read/ write performances. For installation, please refer to the following instructions.

- 1. Please refer to the section "<u>Disassembling the System</u>", you may not need to completely dismantle the system to gain access to the M.2 slot.
- 2. Locate the M.2 2280 slot on the motherboard.



3. Insert the module on a 45 degree angle.



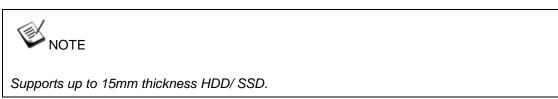


4. Gently press down and secure the module with an M2.5 P-head screw.

- 5. <u>Reinstall the system enclosure</u> and panel when done.
- 6. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.
- 7. Please refer to the section <u>Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory BIOS Setup and Driver Installation</u> for traditional hard drive acceleration.



3.2.6 2.5" Hot-swappable HDD/ SSD Installation



The system features a 2.5" external hot-swappable HDD/ SSD slot. To install HDD/ SSD into the 2.5" external hot-swappable slot, please refer to the following procedures.

1. Pull the handle on the 2.5" external hot-swappable slot to open it.



2. With the label side facing upward, insert the SATA connector side of the 2.5" HDD/ SSD into the slot first. You may feel resistance when the SATA connectors meet, push it firmly until the 2.5" HDD/ SSD is fully inserted into the slot.





3. Push the handle into the 2.5" slot until it snaps into position. A key is provided (in accessory box) to lock the external slot.





Key in accessory box

2.5" HDD/ SSD slot lock



3.2.7 2.5" HDD/SSD Installation

The system has a 2.5" HDD/ SSD tray that can be accessed from the bottom of the enclosure. To install a hard drive to the try, please refer to the following procedures.

1. From the accessory box, find the two HDD/ SSD padding and stick it onto the edges of the HDD/ SSD.





Place padding onto HDD/ SSD

2. Find a sturdy surface and turn the system enclosure upside-down. The 2.5" tray can be seen at the bottom of the enclosure. Remove the two screws indicated.



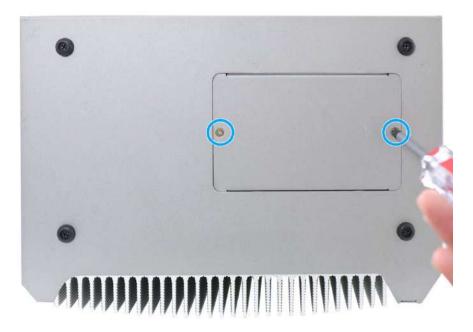
3. With the label facing up, place the HDD/ SSD into the tray and secure it onto the tray, there are four screws (two on each side).



4. Connect the cable to the HDD/ SSD.



5. Tuck the cables into the enclosure, secure the HDD/ SSD and tray back into the enclosure.





3.2.8 NVIDIA[®] Tesla T4 Installation



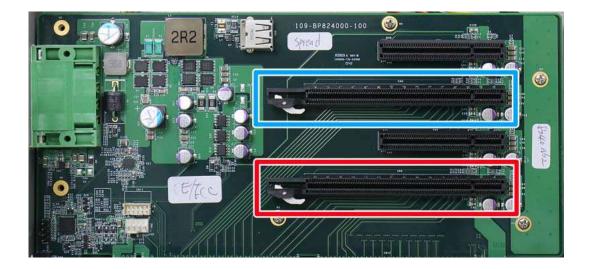
To reduce the risk of damage, **DO NOT** remove the graphics card from the antistatic bag before it is ready to be installed into the Cassette module!



For installation compatibility, please consult with Neousys before purchasing a graphics card.

The system can support up to two NVIDIA[®] Tesla T4 inference accelerators. The placement of the rear exhaust fan creates a sealed wind tunnel to bring in cold air to the graphics cards and expels hot air to offer extreme system stability and reliability. To install a PCIe graphics card, please refer to the following procedure:

- 1. Please refer to the section "Disassembling the Enclosure".
- Locate the PCIe x16 slots on the daughter board, indicated in red and blue. It is
 recommended to install your initial graphics card into the red PCIe slot as this makes the
 second graphics card installation procedure more convenient. For instruction and
 demonstration purposes, the following procedure will install into the blue PCIe slot.



3. Remove the corresponding enclosure bezel(s) to the PCIe slot you wish to install to .

4. Remove the Tesla T4 inference accelerator from the antistatic bag and gently lower it into the PCIe slot while ensuring the gold-fingers meet, graphics card panel is properly inserted.



5. Secure the inference accelerator's bezel.

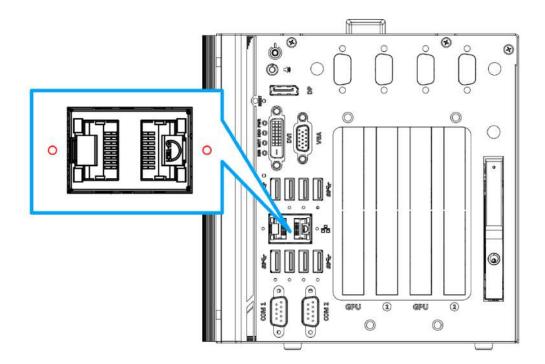


- 6. Repeat steps 2~5 if you need to install another inference accelerator.
- 7. Reinstall the enclosure when done.



3.2.9 Ethernet/ PoE+ Port Panel Screw Fix

The system's RJ45 Ethernet ports have panel screw fix holes (indicated in **blue circles**) for a firm cable connection.



1. To install and make use to the panel screw fix connection, you must acquire panel screw fix cables such as the cable shown below.



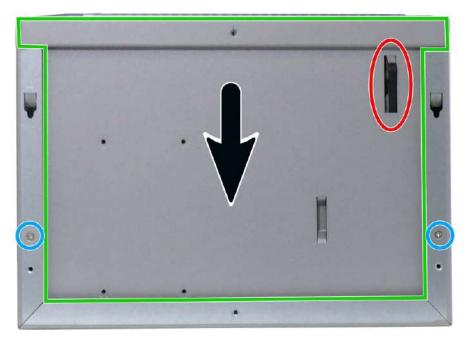
2. Simply insert the RJ45 connector into the RJ45 port and secure the top and bottom screws using your fingers or a screw driver.



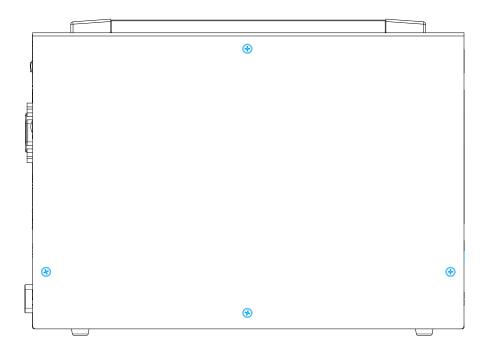


3.3 Installing the System Enclosure

 To reinstall the system enclosure, gently lower the internal panel while paying attention to the protruding corner of the fan indicated in red. You may need to loosen the fan's screws if they are secured. Once the internal panel is in place, secure the two screws indicated in blue.

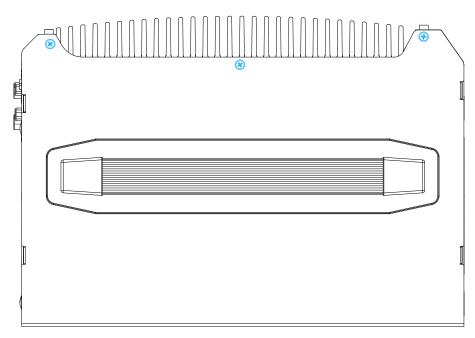


- 2. Holding the L-shape panel by the handle at the top, lower the L-shaped panel onto the enclosure.
- 3. Secure the screws on the side panel indicated in **blue**

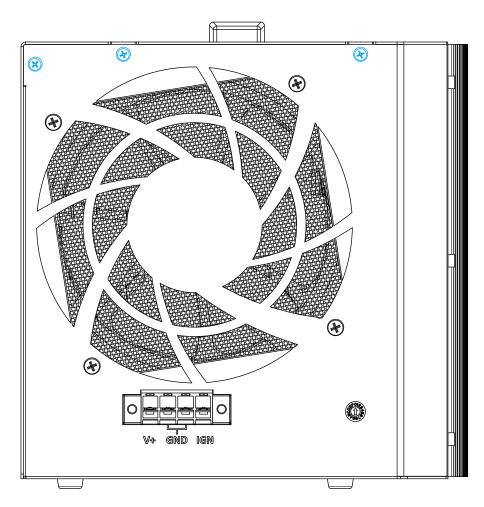




4. Secure the screws on top of the enclosure indicated in **blue**.



5. Secure the screws indicated in **blue** on the fan intake panel.



- fr B Ø 0 0 0 0 • ١ 0 4 (Г 0 <u>المر</u> \bigcirc \bigcirc MO MO (NOS. 50 50 0 Ŷ 0 0 ㅇ뮮 0 о 0 0 o 'e COM 2 1 2 COM 1 gpu gpu 0 6 \bigcirc \bigcirc 0 0
- 6. Secure the screws indicated in **blue** on the I/O panel to complete the enclosure installation.



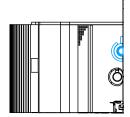
3.4 Powering On the System

There are three methods to power on the system

- Pressing the power button
- Sending a LAN packet via Ethernet (Wake-on-LAN)
- Powering on via ignition control (please refer to <u>Ignition Control</u> section)

3.4.1 Powering On Using the Power Button

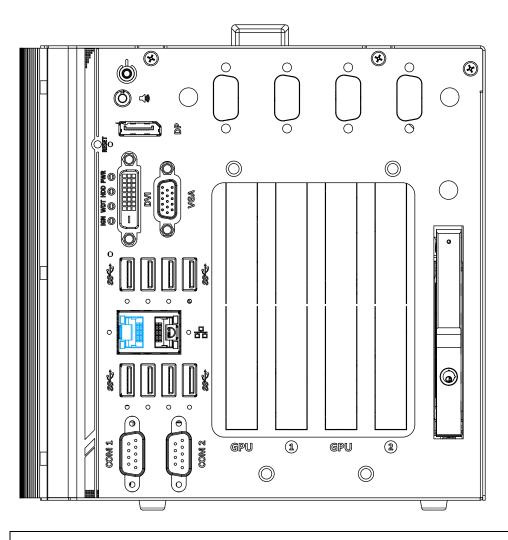
This is the simplest way to turn on your system. The power button is a non-latched switch and behaves as the ATX-mode on/off control. With DC power connected, pushing the power button will turn on the system and the PWR LED indicator will light up. Pushing the button when system is on will turn off the system. If your operating system supports ATX power mode (i.e. Microsoft Windows or Linux), pushing the power button while the system is in operation will result in a pre-defined system behavior, such as shutdown or hibernation.





3.4.2 Powering On Using Wake-on-LAN

Wake-on-LAN (WOL) is a mechanism to wake up a computer system from a S5 (system off with standby power) state via issuing a magic packet. The system's Wake-on-LAN compatible GbE port is shown below.



Please make sure the Intel chipset and Ethernet driver has been properly installed prior to setting up WOL function.

To enable WOL function, please set up WOL settings in the BIOS and in the operating system by follow the steps described below.

- 1. When the system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to the [Power]>[Wake On LAN] and set it to [Enabled].
- 3. Press F10 to "Save changes and exit BIOS" and allow the system boot into the



operating system.

 Once booted into the Windows system, press "Windows key + E", right-click on

> "Network>Properties>Change adapter settings". Locate and double-click on the adapter Intel® I219 Gigabit Network Connection, click on Configure...

 Click on the Power Management tab and check the following options. Click on OK when done.

Intel(R) Ethernet Connection (2) I219-LM Properties				
Teaming General	VLANs Link Speed	Driver Advanced	Details Power Ma	Events anagement
(intel)	Power Saver a	nd Wake on LAN	l Options	
Power Saver C	•			
N	to ARP requests to NS requests w			^
	ficient Ethernet	ithout waking sys	aem	~
Wake on LAN				
🗹 Wake on	Magic Packet			^
V Wake on			-	
✓ Wake on	Magic Packet fro	m power off state	•	¥
Respond to A	ARP requests with	out waking syste	m	
Sets the adapter to respond to ARP requests without waking the system from sleep or hibernate. The system can remain in sleep or hibernate mode and still maintain its network presence.				
			OK	Cancel

Magic Packet

The magic packet is a broadcast frame containing anywhere within its payload 6 bytes of

all 255 (FF FF FF FF FF FF in hexadecimal), followed by sixteen repetitions of the target computer's 48-bit MAC address. For example, NIC's 48-bit MAC Address is 78h D0h 04h 0Ah 0Bh 0Ch DESTINATION SOURCE MISC FF FF FF FF FF FF 78 D0 04 0A 0B 0C MISC CRC

Ethernet 1 Properties		>
Networking Sharing		
Connect using:		
Intel(R) Ethemet Connection (2) I219-LM		
This connection uses the following items:	igure	
Client for Microsoft Networks		^
File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks		
🗹 🚚 QoS Packet Scheduler		
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)		
🗹 🔺 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driv	er	
Microsoft Network Adapter Multiplexor Protocol		
A Microsoft Network Adapter Multiplexor Protocol A Microsoft LLDP Protocol Driver		~

There are some free tools available on Internet that can be used to send a magic packet. Please refer to the following link to understand more about <u>Magic Packet</u>.

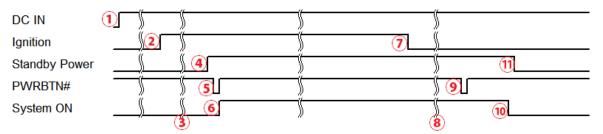


3.5 Ignition Power Control

The ignition power control module for in-vehicle applications is a MCU-based implementation that monitors the ignition signal and reacts to turn on/off the system according to predefined on/off delay. Its built-in algorithm supports other features such as ultra-low power standby, battery-low protection, system hard-off, etc. In this section, we'll illustrate the principle of ignition power control and operation modes.

3.5.1 Principles of Ignition Power Control

The basic concept of ignition power control module is to control the timing correlation between ignition signal and system power status. A typical timing correlation is described in following diagram.



- When DC power is supplied to the system, MCU starts to periodically detect ignition signal. Note that only MCU is working at this moment and the overall power consumption is less than 2 mW.
- 2. Ignition signal is active (both 12VDC and 24VDC ignition signals are accepted).
- 3. MCU starts to count a pre-defined power-on delay.
- Once power-on delay expired, MCU turns on necessary standby power for the system (3.3VSB & 5VSB).
- 5. A PWRBTN# pulse is then issued to turn on the system (equivalent to one pressing the power button on the front panel).
- 6. The system is booting and becomes operational.
- 7. After a period of time, the ignition signal becomes inactive.
- 8. MCU starts to count a pre-defined power-off delay.
- Once power-off delay expired, another PWRBTN# pulse is issued to perform a soft-off for the system (ex. a normal shutdown process for Windows system).
- 10. The system is completely shut down.
- 11.As MCU detects system is off, it turns off the standby power for the system, and operates in low power mode again (< 2mW power consumption).



3.5.2 Additional Features of Ignition Power Control

In addition to the typical timing correlation, the ignition power control module offers additional features to provide additional reliability for in-vehicle applications.

1. Low battery detection

The ignition power control module continuously monitors the voltage of DC input when the system is operational. If input voltage is less than 9V (for 12VDC input) or less than 18V (for 24VDC input) over a 60-second duration, it will shut down the system automatically.

2. Guarded power-on/ power-off delay duration

If ignition signal goes inactive during the power-on delay duration, the ignition power control module will cancel the power-on delay process and go back to idle status. Likewise if ignition signal goes active during the power-off delay duration, the ignition power control module will cancel the power-off delay process and keep the system running.

3. System hard-off

In some cases, system may fail to shutdown via a soft-off operation due to system/ application halts. The ignition power control module offers a mechanism called "hard-off" to handle this unexpected condition. By detecting the system status, it can determine whether the system is shutting down normally. If not, the ignition power control module will force cut-off the system power 10 minutes after the power-off delay duration.

4. Smart off-delay

The ignition power control module offers two modes (mode 13 & mode 14) which have very long power-off delay duration for applications require additional off-line time to process after the vehicle has stopped. In these two modes, the ignition power control module will automatically detect the system status during the power-off delay duration. If the system has shutdown (by the application software) prior to power-off delay expiring, it will cut off the system power immediately to prevent further battery consumption.



3.5.3 Wiring Ignition Signal

To have ignition power control for in-vehicle usage, you need to supply IGN signal to the system. The IGN input is located on the 4-pin pluggable terminal block (shared with DC power input). Below is the typical wiring configuration for in-vehicle applications.

- 1. Connect car Battery+ line (12V for sedan, 24V for bus/truck) to V+.
- 2. Connect car Batter-/ GND line to GND.
- 3. Connect ACC line to IGN.

X WARNING

Please make sure your DC power source and IGN signal share the same ground.

IGN input accepts 8~48VDC. Supply a voltage higher than 48VDC may damage the system.



3.5.4 Configure your Windows system

When applying ignition power control to your system, please make sure you've configured your Windows system to initiate a shutdown process when pressing the power button. By default, Windows 7/ 8/ 10 goes to sleep (S3) mode when power button is pressed. As sleep (S3) is not a complete shutdown behavior, the ignition control function does not recognize the finish of a normal shut down process and thus users will encounter a system hard-off (power cut-off after 10 minutes). Please configure "When I press the power button" to "Shut down" in your Windows system settings.

Power button settings



When I press the power button:

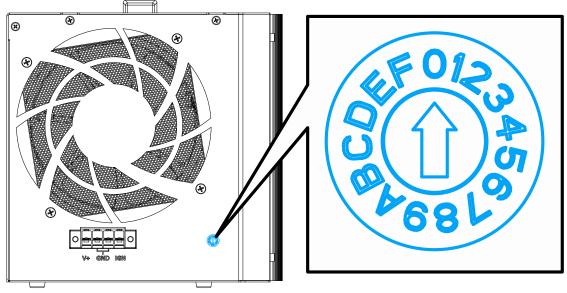
Shut down	
Do nothing	
Sleep	
Hibernate	
Shut down	



3.5.5 Operation Modes of Ignition Power Control

You can use the rotary switch to configure the operation mode. The system offers 16 (0~15) operation modes with different power-on/power-off delay configurations.

The ignition control module is also BIOS-configurable. When rotary switch is set to mode 15 (0xF), the ignition power control is set to executed according to parameters configured in BIOS setup menu, which allows richer combination of power-on/ power-off delay and more detailed control parameters.



Mode 0

Mode 0 is the ATX mode without power-on and power-off delay. User can only use the power button on the front panel to turn on or turn off the system.

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
0	N/A	N/A	N/A

Mode 1

Mode 1 is AT mode without power-on and power-off delay. The system automatically turns on when DC power is applied. A retry mechanism is designed to repeat the power-on cycle if the system fails to boot up.

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
1	N/A	N/A	N/A

• Mode 2

Mode 2 is designed to have a very minor power on/ off delay of 160ms for applications that requires the system to start up almost at the same as the rest of the equipment it is working in collaboration with.

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
2	160ms	160ms	10 minutes



• Mode 3 ~ Mode 12

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
3	10 seconds	10 seconds	10 minutes
4	10 seconds	1 minute	10 minutes
5	10 seconds	5 minutes	10 minutes
6	30 seconds	1 minute	10 minutes
7	30 seconds	5 minutes	10 minutes
8	30 seconds	10 minutes	10 minutes
9	3 minutes	1 minute	10 minutes
10 (A)	3 minutes	10 minutes	10 minutes
11 (B)	3 minutes	30 minutes	10 minutes
12 (C)	10 minutes	30 minutes	10 minutes

Mode 3 ~ Mode 12 have various power-on delay and power-off delay. Each mode supports a hard-off timeout of 10 minutes.

• Mode 13 (D) / Mode 14 (E)

Mode 13 and Mode 14 are ignition power control modes with very long power-off delay. Both modes support the feature of "smart off-delay", which automatically detect system status during power-off delay duration and cut off system power if system is off in prior to power-off delay expired.

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
13 (D)	30 seconds	2 hours	10 minutes
14 (E)	3 minutes	2 hours	10 minutes

• Mode 15 (F)

Reserved



4 System Configuration

4.1 BIOS Settings

The system is shipped with factory-default BIOS settings meticulously programmed for optimum performance and compatibility. In this section, we'll illustrate some of BIOS settings you may need to modify. Please always make sure you understand the effect of change before you proceed with any modification. If you are unsure of the function you are changing, it is recommended to change one setting at a time to see its effect(s).

		ries Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Main Advanced Security Power	Boot Exit		
BIOS Version Build Date	NV8240A2. Bu i 1d20062 06/22/2020		This is the help for the hour, minute, second field. Valid range is from 0 to 23, 0 to 59, 0 to 59. INCREASE/REDUCE :
Processor Type System Bus Speed System Memory Speed Cache RAM Total Memory	Intel(R) Core(TM) is 100 MHz 2133 MHz 1536 KB 4096 MB		+/
System Time System Date	[09:41:50] [07/21/2020]		
	/↓ Select Item /+ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit



Not all BIOS settings will be discussed in this section. If a particular setting/ function you are after requires specific BIOS settings but is not discussed in this section, please contact Neousys Technical Support staff.



4.1.1 COM Port Configuration

The system's <u>COM1/ COM2</u> ports support RS-232 (full-duplex), RS-422 (full-duplex) and RS-485 (half-duplex) mode. You can set the COM1 operating mode via BIOS settings. Another option in BIOS called "*Slew Rate*" defines how sharp the rising/falling edge is for the output signal of COM1. For long-distance RS-422/ 485 transmission, you may set the "*Slew Rate*" option as "High" to improve signal quality. For RS-422/485 communication, the "*RS-422/ 485 Termination*" option determines whether to enable/disable internal termination of RS-422/485 transceiver according to your wiring configuration (e.g. with or without external termination).

	Nuvo-8	240GC Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Advanced			
Advanced Peripheral Configuration COH1 HS Mode Set COH1 as Slew Rate RS-422/485 Termination COH2 HS Mode Set COH2 as Slew Rate RS-422/485 Termination	<enabled> <disabled> <rs-232> <low> <disabled> <enabled> <cisabled> <rs-232> <low> <disabled> <rs-232> <low> <disabled></disabled></low></rs-232></disabled></low></rs-232></cisabled></enabled></disabled></low></rs-232></disabled></enabled>		Set COM1 as RS-232 (Full-Duplex), RS422 (Full-Duplex) or RS-485 (Half-Duplex).
HD Audio	<enab led=""></enab>	Set COH1 as RS-232 RS-422 RS-485	
F1 Help	↑/↓ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults
Esc Exit	+/→ Select Item	Enter Select ► SubMenu	F10 Save and Exit

To set COM port operating mode:

- 1. Press F2when the system boots up to enter the BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] \rightarrow [Peripheral Configuration].
- 3. Set the [Set COM1 Mode as] option to the desired mode.
- 4. Once set, press **F10** to save setting and exit.



4.1.2 COM Port High Speed Mode

The high speed mode of each COM port effectively allows for the port's baud rate generator to operate at 8x the speed with an effective baud rate of 921,600 bps (115,200 x 8). Please refer to the following instructions on how to enable the high speed mode for your COM port (COM1 used as an example).

Advanced	Nuvo-8	240GC Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Peripheral Configuration			Enable/Disable high-speed mode for COM1. When enabled, input clock for baud rate
COM1	<enabled></enabled>		generator is multiplied by 8.
HS Mode	<disabled></disabled>		Consequently baud rate configured in
Set COM1 as	< <u>R</u> S-232>		user's application will actually operate
Slew Rate	<low></low>		at 8x speed. This option allows a
RS-422/485 Termination	<disabled></disabled>		maximal baud rate of 921,600 bps (115,200 x 8) for COM1.
COM2	<enabled></enabled>		
HS Mode	<disabled></disabled>		
Set COM2 as	< <u>R</u> S-232>		
Slew Rate	<low></low>		
RS-422/485 Termination	<disabled></disabled>		
HD Audio	<enabled></enabled>	HS Hode D i sab led Enab led	
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

To set COM port high speed mode:

- 1. Press **F2** when the system boots up to enter the BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] > [Peripheral Configuration].
- 3. Enable or set the **[Set COM1 Mode as]** option to the desired mode.
- 4. Highlight **[HS Mode]** and press ENTER to bring up options, highlight **[Enable]** and press ENTER.
- 5. Once set, press **F10** to save setting and exit.



4.1.3 Primary Display Selection

With this setting, you manually select your choice of internal graphics card (IGFX), the add-on PCIe graphics card (PEG) or leave it on Auto.

Advanced	Nuvo-	82406C Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Advanced Graphics Configuration Primary Display Internal Graphics GTT Size Aperture Size DVHT Pre-Allocated DVHT Total Gfx Mem	<pre></pre>	s	Rev. 5.(elect which of IGFX/PEG/PCI Graphics evice should be Primary Display Or elect SG for Switchable Gfx.
		PEG	
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/+ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

To set the primary display:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Advanced] > [System Agent (SA) Configuration] > [Graphics Configuration] > [Primary Display], select an option and press ENTER.
- 3. A small window appears and you may enter a maximum delay value of up to 30,000ms.
- 4. When done, press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes"

4.1.4 Delay for PEG Initialization

This setting offers delay in milliseconds for PEG port initialization and PCI enumeration. By increasing the delay value, it may eliminate compatibility issue(s) with some PCIe add-on cards.

Advanced	Nuvo-82	240GC Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
PEG Port Configuration			Delay in milli-seconds for PEG port
x8 PEG (Slot#1) Enable Root Port Max Link Speed	Not Present <enabled> <auto></auto></enabled>		initialization and PCI enumeration. Increasing this value may help to eliminate compatibility issue with some PCIe add-on cards.
x8 PEG (Slot#3) Enable Root Port Max Link Speed	Not Present <enabled> <auto></auto></enabled>		
Delay for PEG Init	[100]		
		Yes] [No]	
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit
LJULAIL			

To set PEG delay in milliseconds:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Advanced] > [System Agent (SA) Configuration] > [PEG Port Configuration] > [Delay for PEG Init] and press ENTER.
- 3. A small window appears and you may enter a maximum delay value of up to 30,000ms.
- 4. When done, press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes"



4.1.5 SATA Configuration

The SATA controller of your system supports two (2) operating modes: AHCI and Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration mode. The AHCI mode, which exposes SATA's advanced capabilities such as hot swapping and native command queuing, is supported in several later version of operating systems. The Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration mode allows the user to greatly accelerate SATA hard drive read/ write speeds by installing an Optane memory into the M.2 slot. Please refer to the section "Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration" for details.

Advanced		Nuvo-8240GC Se	ries Setup Utility		Rev. 🤇
SATA And RST Configuration				termines how SATA controller(s) erate.	
SATA Controller(s)	(Enabled>	op		
SATA Mode Selection		AHCI>			
SATA Port #1	E	impty			
Port Enable/Disable	<	Enabled>			
Hot Plug	<	©isabled>			
SATA Device Type	¢	Hard Disk Drive>			
SATA Port #2	E	Empty			
Port Enable/Disable	Contract (1998)	Enab led>			
Hot Plug		©isabled>			
SATA Device Type		Hard Disk Drive>			
mSATA Port Enable/Disable SATA Device Type	AHCI		e Selection		
mSATA	Intel RS	ST Premium With Int	el Optane System Accelerat	: ion	
Port Enable/Disable		Enabled>		_	
SATA Device Type		Solid State Drive>			
M.2 2280 M-key	E	impty			
Port Enable/Disable	<	Enabled>			
SATA Device Type	<	Solid State Drive>			
F1 Help	t/↓ Select	tem	F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults	
Esc Exit	+/+ Select	tem	Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F10 Save and Exit	

Recommended SATA controller mode settings:

- If you're using Windows Vista, Windows 10, or Linux with kernel 4.15.18 or later, you can select AHCI mode for better performance.
- If you are looking for faster hard drive read/ write performance, please install an SSD (M.2, mPCIe, SATA) or install an Intel[®] Optane[™] memory for hard drive acceleration.

To set SATA controller mode:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] > [SATA Configuration].
- 3. Highlight the SATA, mSATA or M.2 port you wish to set and press ENTER to bring up setting options. Scroll to and highlight the setting you wish to set and press ENTER.

Advanced	es Setup Utility	Rev.	
SATA And RST Configuration			entify the SATA port is connected to Iid State Drive or Hard Disk Drive
SATA Controller(s) SATA Mode Selection	<enabled> <ahcl></ahcl></enabled>		
SATA Port #1 Port Enable/Disable Hot Plug SATA Device Type	Enpty <enabled> <disabled> <hard disk="" drive=""></hard></disabled></enabled>		
SATA Port #2 Port Enable/Disable Hot Plug SATA Device Type	Enpty <enabled> <disabled> <hard <mark="" disk="">Drive></hard></disabled></enabled>		
mSATA Port Enable/Disable SATA Device Type	Empty <enabled> <solid stat<br="">Solid Stat</solid></enabled>		
mSATA Port Enable/Disable SATA Device Type	Empty <enabled> <solid drive="" state=""></solid></enabled>		
H.2 2280 H-key Port Enable/Disable SATA Device Type	<mark>Empty <enabled></enabled></mark> <solid drive="" state=""></solid>		
		5/F6 Change Values nter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

- 4. Repeat step 3 to set other SATA ports.
- 5. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.6 Fan Control Configuration

The fan control configuration allows users to set the fan operation mode to auto or fixed speeds operation. The auto mode configuration also offers minimum temperature setting to trigger the fan and the maximum temperature setting before the fan operates at 100% rotation speed.

	Nuvo-82	406C Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5
Main Advanced Security	Power Boot Exit		
Hain Advanced Security PBoot Configuration Peripheral Configuration System Agent (SA) Configu- PCI Express Configuration VISB Configuration PIBE Configuration PFan Control Configuration Fan Control Configuration	ration n		figure fan control mode and ivation trip points.
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► Subflenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

To set Fan Control Configuration to Auto mode:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] > [Fan Control Configuration] and press ENTER.
- 3. To set auto fan control, highlight [Fan Control Mode] and press ENTER, highlight [Auto]

Advanced	Nuvo	-8240GC Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Fan Control Configuration			Select fan control mode. In Auto mode, fan speed is automatically controlled
Fan Control Mode	<auto></auto>		according to temperature sensor reading.
Fan Start Trip Point Fan Max. Trip Point	[25] [60]		
		Fan Control Mode Auto Fixed Speed	
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit



- 4. Use the up/ down arrow keys to highlight Fan Start Trip Point or Fan Max. Trip Point and press ENTER, a window appears and you may enter the temperature in degree Celsius.
 - Fan Start Trip Point: The minimum temperature which the fan being to operate
 - **Fan Max. Trip Point**: The maximum temperature where the fan begins to operate at 100% rotation speed

Advanced	Nuvo-	82406C Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5
Fan Control Configuration			Specify tht trip point in degrees
Fan Control Mode	<auto></auto>		Celsius to start the fan. Fan speed is automatically controlled between start and max. trip point according to reading
Fan Start Trip Point Fan Max. Trip Point	[25] [60]		of on-board temperature sensor.
		50 [Yes] [No]	
1 Help Sc Exit	1/↓ Select Item ←/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

5. When done, press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



To set Fan Control Configuration to Fixed Speed mode:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] > [Fan Control Configuration] and press ENTER.
- 3. To set auto fan control, highlight [Fan Control Mode] and press ENTER, highlight [Fixed Speed].

Advanced	Nuvo	-82406C Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Advanced Fan Control Configuration Fan Control Mode Fan Start Trip Point Fan Max. Trip Point	Nuvo <au to=""> [25.] [60.]</au>	-8240GC Series Setup Utility Fan Control Hode Auto Fixed Speed	Rev. 5.0 Select fan control mode. In Auto mode, fan speed is automatically controlled according to temperature sensor reading.
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubHenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit



- 4. Highlight **[Fan Speed]** and press ENTER.
- 5. A window appears and you may use the up/ down arrow keys to select between 20~100% as your fixed fan rotation speed.

Advanced	Nuvo-82	240GC Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Advanced			
Fan Control Configuration Fan Control Mode	<fixed speed<="" th=""><th></th><th>Specify fan speed (20% ~ 100%) when it's configured in fixed speed mode.</th></fixed>		Specify fan speed (20% ~ 100%) when it's configured in fixed speed mode.
Fan Control Mode Fan Speed	<fixed speed<="" th=""><th>Fan Speed 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%</th><th></th></fixed>	Fan Speed 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%	
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/4 Select Item +/+ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► Subfienu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

6. When done, press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.7 **TPM** Availability

Trusted Platform Module (TPM) is a hardware-based cryptoprocessor to secure hardware by integrating cryptographic keys into devices. The system is designed with on-board TPM 2.0 module. As TPM 2.0 requires 64-bit Windows 7/8/10 with UEFI boot mode, it is disable in BIOS by default. For customers who want to utilize TPM feature, you will need to enable TPM in BIOS as well as install Windows with UEFI mode.

Main Advanced Security Powe	r Boot Exit			
Current TPM Device TPM State TPM Active PCR Hash Algorithm TPM Hardware Supported Hash Alg BIOS Supported Hash Algorithm TrEE Protocol Version TPM Availability TPM Operation Clear TPM	SHA1, SHA25	hies Enabled, Owned 6 6 6, SM3_256	When Hidden,	don't exposes TPM to O
Supervisor Password	Not Install	ed		
Set Supervisor Password		TPM Availability Available Hidden		
	1/↓ Select Item +/+ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Va Enter Select►S		Setup Defaults Save and Exit

To enable TMP availability:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Security] > [TPM Availability], press ENTER to bring up Options, Available/ Hidden.
- 3. Highlight your selection, press ENTER and press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.8 Power On After Power Failure Option

This option defines the behavior of System series when DC power is supplied.

CPU Configuration Power & Performance			
			Specify what state to go to when power is re-applied after a power failure (G3 state).
lake on LAN	<disabled></disabled>		
≻ower On after Power Failure	<s5 -="" power<="" td=""><td>Off></td><td></td></s5>	Off>	
	<mark></mark>	On after Power Failure Power On Power Off	
	↓ Select Item → Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

Value	Description
S0 – Power On	System is powered on when DC power is supplied.
S5 – Power Off	System is kept in off state when DC power is supplied.

To set "Power On after Power Failure" option:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Power] > [Power On after Power Failure].
- 3. Scroll down to highlight [Power On after Power Failure], press ENTER to bring up setting options, S0 Power On or S5 Power Off, and press ENTER to select the setting.
- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.9 **Power & Performance (CPU SKU Power Configuration)**

The system supports various 8th-Gen Coffee Lake LGA1151 CPUs. A unique feature, "**SKU Power Config**" is implemented in BIOS to allow users to specify user-defined SKU power limit. Although the system is designed to have best thermal performance with CPUs of 35W TDP, you can install a 65W CPU and limit its SKU power (to 35W) to obtain more computing power. This feature gives you the flexibility of CPU selection and great balance between computing power and operating temperature range.

	Nuvo	p-8240GC Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5
Power			
Power & Performance			Configure SKU power limit according to performance consideration and operating
Processor Type Package TDP Limit	Intel(R) 35 ₩	Core(TH) i5-8500T CPU @ 2.10GHz	environment.
SKU Power Config	<35 ¥>		
▶CPU - Power & Performance Control ▶GT - Power & Performance Control		SKU Power Config 35 H 25 W 15 W	
	elect Item elect Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

To configure the CPU SKU power limit:

- 1. When the system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Power] \rightarrow [Power & Performance].
- 3. Select a proper value of SKU power limit for [SKU Power Config] option.
- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.10 Wake on LAN Option

Wake-on-LAN (WOL) is a mechanism which allows you to turn on your System series via Ethernet connection. To utilize Wake-on-LAN function, you have to enable this option first in BIOS settings. Please refer "<u>Powering On Using Wake-on-LAN</u>" to set up the system.

Main Advanced Security Powe	Nuvo-8 er Boot Exit	8240GC Series Setup Utility		Rev. 5.
▶CPU Configuration ▶Power & Performance			Enable/Disable integrated LAN to the system.	wake
Wake on LAN	<disabled></disabled>			
Power On after Power Failure	<\$5 - Power	r Off> Wake on LAN		
		Enabled Disabled		
	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit	

To enable/ disable "Wake on LAN" option:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Power]> [Wake on LAN].
- 3. Press ENTER to bring up setting options, scroll to the setting you desire and press ENTER to set.
- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes.



4.1.11 Boot Menu

The Boot menu in BIOS allows you to specify the system's boot characteristics by setting bootable device components (boot media) and method. Or, you may press F12 upon system start up and select a device you wish boot from.

	Nuvo-	8240GC Series Setup Utility		Rev. 5.
Main Advanced Security	Power Boot Exit			
			Select boot type to Dual ty	
Boot Type	<dual boot<="" th=""><th></th><th>type or UEF1 type</th><th>pe, Leyaly</th></dual>		type or UEF1 type	pe, Leyaly
Quick Boot	<enabled></enabled>	1300-	type of our type	
Quiet Boot	<enabled></enabled>			
Network Stack	<disabled></disabled>			
PXE Boot capability	<d i="" led="" sab=""></d>			
Add Boot Options	<last></last>			
ACPI Selection	<acp 0="" 5.="" i=""></acp>			
USB Boot	<enab led=""></enab>			
EFI Device First	<enabled></enabled>			
Timeout	[3]			
Automatic Failover	<d i="" led="" sab=""></d>			
WDT for Booting	<d i="" led="" sab=""></d>			
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/1 Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubHenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit	

Value	Option	Description
Boot Type	Dual Boot Type	Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot
		media.
	Legacy Boot	Only legacy boot media listed are approved as boot media.
	Туре	
	UEFI Boot Type	Only legacy boot media listed are approved as boot media.
Quick Boot	Enabled	The system starts up faster because BIOS skips various
		hardware function tests
	Disabled	The system starts up slower because BIOS goes through
		various hardware functions tests
Quiet Boot	Enabled	
	Disabled	



Network	Enabled	The system is available for network access using UEFI.
Stack	Disabled	The system is not available for network access using UEFI.
PXE Boot	Disabled	Only UEFI Network Stack is supported: Preboot eXecution
capability		Environment (PXE) is not supported
	Enabled	By enabling the PXE boot, one can choose to boot via I219
		Only/ I210 Only or All NICs.
Add Boot	First	Newly detected boot media are placed at the top of the boot
Options		order.
	Last	Newly detected boot media are placed at the bottom of the
		boot order.
ACPI	1.0B/ 3.0/ 4.0/	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface allows the
Selection	5.0/ 6.0	operating system to control system power management
USB Boot	Enabled	Allow boot from bootable USB devices.
	Disabled	Does not allow boot from bootable USB devices
EFI Device	Enabled	Set to boot bootable EFI media first.
First	Disabled	Will not boot bootable EFI media first.
Timeout	1, 2, 3, etc (in	Boot delay time in seconds to give the user time to activate
	seconds)	the hotkey to access the BIOS
WDT for	Disabled, 1, 3, 5,	WDT ensures a successful system boot by specifying a
booting	10 (minutes)	timeout value



4.1.12 Boot Type (Legacy/ UEFI)

The system supports both Legacy and Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) boot modes. UEFI is a specification proposed by Intel to define a software interface between operating system and platform firmware. Most modern operating systems, such as Windows 7/8/10 and Linux support both Legacy and UEFI boot modes. The Legacy boot mode uses MBR partition for disk and VBIOS for video initialization, the UEFI boot mode uses GPT partition which supports greater than 2TB partition size and GOP driver for faster video initialization.

	Nuvo-8240GC Series Set	up Utility	Rev. 5
Main Advanced Security Power	Boot Exit		
Boot Type Quick Boot Quiet Boot Network Stack PXE Boot capability Add Boot Options ACPI Selection USB Boot EFI Device First Timeout Automatic Failover WDT for Booting	<pre><dual bont="" type=""> <enabled> <enabled> <disabled> <disabled> <disabled> <disabled> <cast> <acpi5.0> <enabled> [3] <disabled> </disabled></enabled></acpi5.0></cast></disabled></disabled></disabled></disabled></enabled></enabled></dual></pre> <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre>Boot Type </pre> <pre>Dual Boot Type </pre> <pre>Legacy Boot Type </pre>	r <mark>pe</mark>	Legacy
		Change Values F9 Setup Defaults Select ▶ SubMenu F10 Save and Exit	

NOTE

If you choose Legacy mode, you will not be able to create disk partitions greater than 2TB or use TPM 2.0 function.

To configure Boot Type:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to **[Boot]>[Boot Type]**, press Enter to bring up options, Dual Boot (Legacy+UEFI), Legacy Boot Type, UEFI Boot Type.
- 3. Highlight your selection and press Enter.
- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.13 Position New Boot Device

The "Add Boot Options" allow you to determine whether a newly added device (eg. USB flash disk) is to boot as the first device to boot or the last in the boot sequence.

To set the newly-installed boot device as the first or last boot device:

- 1. Press **F2**when the system boots up to enter the BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Boot] > [Add Boot Options] menu.
- 3. Select [First] or [Last] for your newly-added boot device and press ENTER.

4. Once set, press **F10** to save setting and exit.



4.1.14 Watchdog Timer for Booting

The watchdog timer secures the boot process by means of a timer. Once the timer expires, a reset command is issued to initiate another booting process. There are two options in BIOS menu, "*Automatically after POST*" and "*Manually after Entering OS*". When "*Automatically after POST*" is selected, the BIOS automatically stops the watchdog timer after POST (Power-On Self Test) OK. When "*Manually after Entering OS*" is selected, the user must stop the watchdog timer once booted into the OS. This guarantees the system can always boot into the OS, otherwise another booting process will be initiated. For information about programming watchdog timer, please refer to <u>Watchdog Timer & Isolated DIO</u>.

		240GC Series Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Main Advanced Security Power	r Boot Exit		
Boot Type Quick Boot Quiet Boot Network Stack PXE Boot capability Add Boot Options AAPI Selection USB Boot EFI Device First Timeout Automatic Failover WDT for Booting	 <dual boot<="" li=""> <enabled></enabled> <enabled></enabled> <disabled></disabled> <last></last> <acpi5.0></acpi5.0> <enabled></enabled> (Iast)ed> <disabled></disabled> <disabled></disabled> <disabled></disabled> <disabled></disabled> <disabled></disabled> <disabled></disabled> <disabled></disabled> </dual>		Disable/Set watchdog timer for system booting. If the system can not boot up successfully within the given timer value, watchdog timer will reset the system for anothing booting process.
	1/↓ Select Item -/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

To set the watchdog timer for boot in BIOS:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to **[Boot]** menu.
- 3. Disable or select timeout value for **[WDT for Booting]** option.
- 4. Once you give a timeout value, the **[WDT Stop Option]** option appears. You can select *"Automatically after POST"* or *"Manually after Entering OS"*.
- 5. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes.



4.1.15 Legacy/ UEFI Boot Device

When you wish to set a designated boot device, you may set it as the first device to boot in Legacy or UEFI Boot Device setting. Or if you wish to manually select a boot device, you may do so by pressing F12 when the system boots up.

	Boot		
Boot Device Priority		List the boot option by devi by device.	ce type or
Boot Menu	<by device=""></by>	by device.	
USB FLASH DRIVE	[X]		
Fl Help Esc Exit	1/1 Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values F9 Setup Defaults Enter Select ► Subtlenu F10 Save and Exit	

To set boot order for devices in UEFI Boot Device:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility
- 2. Go to [Boot] > [UEFI Boot Device]
- Highlight the device you wish to make boot order changes to and press F5/ F6 or +/ to change device boot order.

To select boot order for devices in Legacy Boot Device:

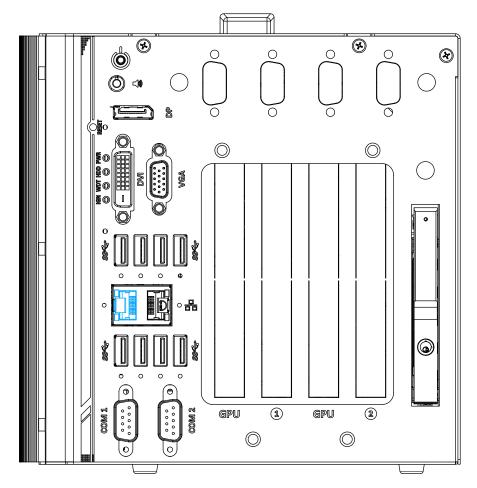
- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility
- Go to [Boot] > [Legacy Boot Device], you can choose the type of device to list by selecting "By Device or By Device Type".
- Highlight the device you wish to make boot order changes to and press F5/ F6 or +/ to change device boot order.



4.2 AMT Configuration

Intel® AMT (Active Management Technology) is a hardware-based technology for remotely managing target PCs via Ethernet connection. The system supports AMT function via its Ethernet port implemented with Intel I219-LM. Prior to using the AMT function to remotely control the system, you need to configure AMT password and network settings.

1. Connect Ethernet cable tol219-LM Ethernet port(indicated in blue).



2. When the system boots up, press F10 to enter the MEBx configuration menu.

	e Blos Extension v11.0.0.0005/In 003-15 Intel Corporation. All R	
	MAIN MENU	
HEBx Login > Intel(R) ME General Settings > Intel(R) AMT Configuration MEBx Exit		
Intel(R) ME Password		
[↑↓]=Move Highlight [E	Enter]=Select Entry	[Esc]=Exit

3. Highlight MEBx Login and press Enter, a prompt will appear asking for password. The default password is "admin". For further MEBx configuration details, please refer to https://www.internetword.com to https://wwww.internetword.com to https://wwww.internetword.com to https://www.internetword.com to https://www.internetword.com to https://wwww.internetword.com to https://wwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwww



4.3 RAID Configuration

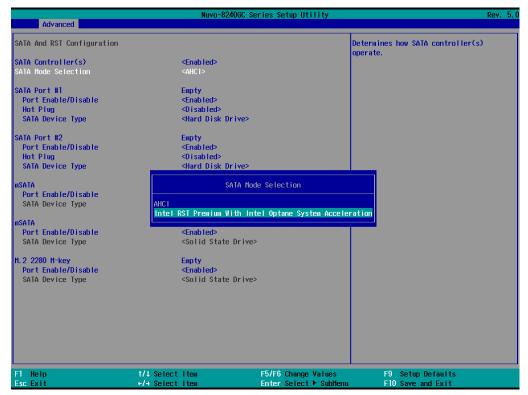
To set up a RAID 0 or 1 volume in Legacy or UEFI mode, you need to have at least two hard drives or SSDs installed. The system supports RAID configurations in RAID 0 (striping) or RAID 1 (mirror) mode. Users can select the configuration that best suit their needs with RAID 0 (striping) mode offering better hard drive read/ write performances while RAID 1 (mirror) offers better data security.

Please back up hard drive data before you create or modify RAID volume(s) as the process may cause irreversible data deletion. When creating a RAID volume, it is also recommended to use hard drives from the same batch (same brand, model, capacity, rpm rate, etc.) to avoid performance or capacity allocation issues.

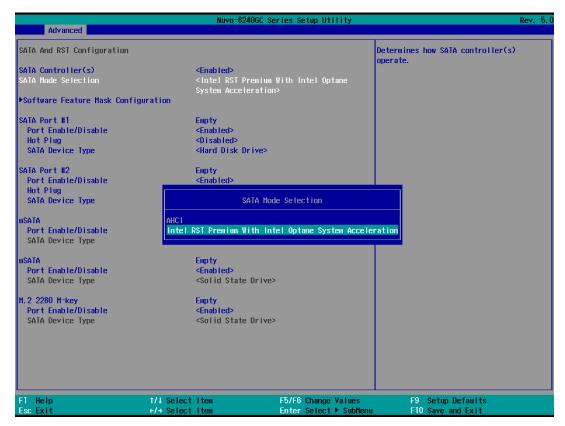
4.3.1 Legacy Mode RAID Configuration

To set up RAID configuration, you need to pre-configure the SATA mode setting in the BIOS. Please refer to the following steps:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Advanced] > [SATA And RST Configuration] > [SATA Mode Selection] > highlight [Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration] and press ENTER.



3. Go to [Boot] > highlight [Legacy Boot Type] and press ENTER to set boot type.



- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes" and reboot the system.
- 5. When the system reboots, press [Ctrl + I] to enter the RAID configuration utility.
- Once you're in the Configuration Utility, highlight [Create RAID Volume] and press ENTER.

RAID Vo None de	2. Delete 3. Reset D lumes:	T HAIN H RAID Volume RAID Volume isks to Non-RAID T DISK/VOLUME I	4. Recovery Volume Options 5. Acceleration Options 6. Exit	
ID De Ø Sa		Serial # 0 S39FNCAJ401483A 0 S39FNCAJ401481T	Size Type/Status(Vol 476.9GB Non-RAID Disk 476.9GB Non-RAID Disk	ID)

 The following screen allows you to enter the Name of the RAID volume you wish to create. Enter a name and press ENTER to access the RAID Level setting.

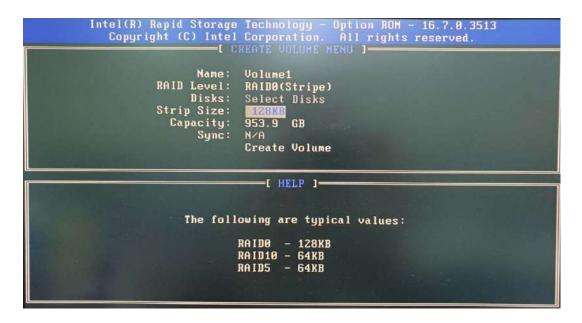
Copyright (C) Intel	Technology - Option ROM - 16.7.0.3513 Corporation. All rights reserved. REATE VOLUME MENU 1
RAID Level:	953.9 GB
	E HELP]
Enter a unique volume na 16	me that has no special characters and is characters or less.

 For RAID Level, use the up and down arrow key to select between RAID0 (Stripe) or RAID1 (Mirror) settings. Select a RAID mode and press ENTER to access Stripe Size setting (not applicable to Mirror mode).

Copyright (C) Intel	Technology - Option ROM - 16.7.0.3513 Corporation. All rights reserved. REATE VOLUME MENU J
RAID Level:	953.9 GB
RAID 0: S	[HELP]

For Stripe Size, use the up and down arrow key to select between 4KB, 8KB, 16KB, 32KB, 64KB, 128KB for your RAID volume stripe size and press ENTER to access the Capacity setting.

*RAID1(Mirror) does not offer Stripe Size options.



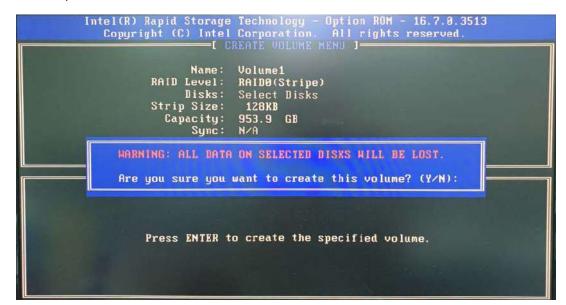
10. You may enter the RAID volume capacity you wish to create at this step and press the Enter key to complete your RAID settings. By default, the maximum capacity will be applied. Once you have entered a capacity, press ENTER to confirm.

Copyright (C) Intel	Technology - Option ROM - 16.7.0.3513 Corporation. All rights reserved. REATE VOLUME MENU]			
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 RAIDO(Stripe) Select Disks 128KB GB			
disks. Entering a lover	capacity allows you to create a second			
The default value indicates the maximum capacity using the selected disks. Entering a lower capacity allows you to create a second volume on these disks.				

11.Reviewed your settings and if you wish to change any setting(s), you will need to press [ESC] and start again from Step 5.If all settings are correct and you wish to continue, with "Create Volume" highlighted, press ENTER to begin creating the RAID volume.



12.A data deletion warning will appear, enter "Y" to continue and "N" to stop the volume creation process.





13.Once the RAID volume has been created, the configuration utility will bring you back to the main screen showing the RAID volume and their member disks.

DOTE	Copyright 1. Create RA 2. Delete RA 3. Reset Dis	(C) Intel Corporat	ion. A1 HENU]— 4. 5. 6.		ions
ID	Volumes: Name Volume1	Level RAID0(Stripe)		Size Status 953.9GB Normal	Bootable Yes
Phys ID 0 1	ical Devices: Device Model Samsung SSD 850 Samsung SSD 850	Serial # S39FNCAJ401483A		Size Type/Statu: 476.9GB Member Dis 476.9GB Member Dis	k(0)

14. The above process was to create a RAID-0 volume. If you wish to create a RAID-1 volume, please perform steps 5 to 13 in this section and select RAID-1 during step 8.

4.3.2 UEFI Mode RAID Configuration

To enable RAID functionality in UEFI mode:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Advanced] > [SATA And RST Configuration] > [SATA Mode Selection] > highlight [Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration] and press ENTER.

Advanced		Nuvo-8240GC Se	ries Setup Utility		Rev. 5
SATA And RST Configuration				Determines how SATA controller(s) operate.	
SATA Controller(s)		Enabled>			
SATA Mode Selection		AHC I>			
SATA Port #1	E	Empty			
Port Enable/Disable	•	Enabled>			
Hot Plug	<	Disabled>			
SATA Device Type	•	Hard Disk Drive>			
SATA Port #2	E	mpty			
Port Enable/Disable		Enabled>			
Hot Plug		Disabled>			
SATA Device Type		Hard Disk Drive>			
mSATA		SATA Mod	e Selection		
Port Enable/Disable					
SATA Device Type	AHC I				
	Intel R	ST Premium With Int	el Optane System Accele	eration	
mSATA					
Port Enable/Disable	<	Enab led>			
SATA Device Type	<	Solid State Drive>			
M.2 2280 M-key	I	Empty			
Port Enable/Disable	•	Enabled>			
SATA Device Type	<	Solid State Drive>			
- 1 Help	1/↓ Select	tem	F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults	
Esc Exit	+/+ Select		Enter Select ► SubMenu		



3. Go to [Boot], highlight [UEFI Boot Type] and press ENTER to set boot type.

		Series Setup Utility		Rev.
Main Advanced Security	Power Boot Exit			
Boot Type Quick Boot Quiet Boot Wetwork Stack YRE Boot capability Add Boot Options ACPI Selection USB Boot EFI Device First Timeout Automatic Failover WDT for Booting	<uef boot="" i="" type=""> <enabled> <disabled> <disabled> <disabled> <last> <acpi5.0> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <enabled> <en< th=""><th></th><th>ielect boot type to Dual type, ype or UEFI type</th><th>Legacy</th></en<></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></enabled></acpi5.0></last></disabled></disabled></disabled></enabled></uef>		ielect boot type to Dual type, ype or UEFI type	Legacy
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit	

- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes" and reboot the system.
- 5. When the system reboots, press [F3] to enter the Configuration Utility.
- 6. Once you're in the Configuration Utility, highlight [Intel® Rapid Storage Technology] and press ENTER.



7. The following screen shows Non-RAID physical disks and the option "Create RAID

Volume". Highlight "**Create RAID Volume**" and press ENTER to begin creating your RAID volume.

Intel(R) Rapid Sto		Rapid Storage Technology	
Intel(R) RST 16.7.0. ▶Create RAID Volume	.3513 RAID Driver		This page allows you to create a RAID volume
	isks: SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 4 SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 4		
F1 Help Esc Exit	↑/↓ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults E10 Save



8. The Name option allows you to name your RAID volume. Press ENTER when ready to go to the next option.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology	Intel(R) Rapic	l Storage Technology	
Create RAID Volume			Enter a unique volume name that has no special characters and is 16 characters
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>		or less.
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB	<>		
SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	< >		
Strip Size: Capacity (HB):	<16KB> [0]		
▶Create Volume			
Select at least two disks			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ect Item ect Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save

 The RAID Level option allows you to select RAID-0 (stripping) or RAID-1 (mirror) for your RAID volume. Press ENTER when ready.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology	Intel (R) Rapid Storage Technology	
Create RAID Volume			Select RAID Level
Name: RAID Level:	<mark>Volume1</mark> <raido (str<="" th=""><th>ipe)></th><th></th></raido>	ipe)>	
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	< >		
Strip Size: Capacity (MB):	<16КВ> [0]		
⊧Create Volume Select at least two disks		RAID Level: RAIDO (Stripe) RAIDI (Hirror) Recovery	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	lect Item lect Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save

10. The Select Disks option allows you to select disk drives for your RAID volume. Highlight a drive and press ENTER, use up/ down arrow keys to highlight "x" and press ENTER to confirm the selection. A minimum of two disk drives must be selected for RAID-0 or RAID-1 configuration. Press ENTER when ready.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology				
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology				
Create RAID Volume			X - to Select Disk	
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>			
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	< X>			
Strip Size: Capacity (MB):	<64KB> [976768]			
►Create Volume	A O.1, Samsung SSD 850	PRO 512GB \$39FNCAJ401481T,	476. 908	
	elect Item	F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults	

11. The Stripe Size option allows you to configure the stripe size of your RAID volume. Available stripe sizes are 4KB, 8KB, 16KB, 32KB, 64KB, 128KB, use the up and down arrow keys to highlight and press ENTER to confirm the stripe size selection.

*RAID1(Mirror) does not offer Stripe Size options.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology	Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology	
Create RAID Volume Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>	Strip size help
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476,9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476,9GB	<>>	
Strip Size: Capacity (HB): ▶Create Volume	<pre><64KB> [976768] Strip Size: 4KB 8KB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB</pre>	
F1 Help 1/4 Selec		F9 Setup Defaults
Esc Exit +/+ Selec	t Item Enter Select ► SubMenu	i F10 Save

12. The Capacity (MB) option allows you to configure the storage capacity of your RAID volume. By default, the full storage capacity will be applied. Once you have entered a capacity, press ENTER to confirm.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Create RAID Volume		Capacity in MB	
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>		
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	ф ф		
Strip Size: Capacity (MB):	< <mark>64KB></mark> [976768]		
⊧Create Volume	976768 [Yes] [No]		
F1 Help 1/4 Sele Esc Exit +/+ Sele		F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save	

 The Create Volume option is the final step in the volume creation process. Highlight "Create Volume" and press ENTER to begin creating your RAID volume base on the settings you just configured.

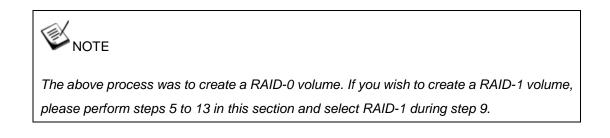
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Create RAID Volume			Create a volume with the settings specified above
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>		
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 5126B S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 5126B S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	<x> <x></x></x>		
Strip Size: Capacity (MB):	<64KB> [976768]		
▶Create Volume			
F1 Help 1/4 Sele		F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults



14. A summary and status of the RAID volume will be shown when the RAID volume is successfully created.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Tech	intel(R)	Rapid Storage Technology	
Intel(R) RST 16.7.0.3513 RAI	D Driver		Select to see more information about the RAID Volume
<mark>RAID Volumes:</mark> ⊁Volume1, RAIDO (Stripe), 95	3.9GB, Normal		
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save

15. Press F10 to save and Esc to exit the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology configuration page.





5 OS Support and Driver Installation

5.1 Operating System Compatibility

The system supports most operating system developed for Intel® x86 architecture. The following list contains the operating systems which have been tested by Neousys Technology.

- Microsoft Window 10 (x64)
- Fedora 29**
- Ubuntu 16.04.5 LTS** & Ubuntu18.04.0 LTS**

NOTE

For other Linux OS, Linux kernel should upgrade to 4.15.18.

*For Linux system, user may need to manually compile and install the driver for Intel graphics or I210 GbE controller if the driver is not embedded in kernel. You can visit Intel website for further information.

** For distributions, graphics driver and RAID function may not be completely implemented in its kernel. You may encounter restrictions when using these features, such as triple independent display and RAID. For optimum operation, it is the users' responsibility to manually check for new drivers and upgrades!

Neousys may remove or update operating system compatibility without prior notice. Please contact us if your operating system of choice is not on the list.



5.2 Driver Installation

The system comes with a "Drivers & Utilities" DVD that offers "one-click" driver installation process. It automatically detects your Windows operating system and installs all necessary drivers for you system with a single click.

5.2.1 Install Drivers Automatically

The system comes with a "Drivers & Utilities" DVD that offers "one-click" driver installation process. It automatically detects your Windows operating system and installs all necessary drivers for you system with a single click.

To install drivers automatically, please refer to the following procedures.

 Insert the "Drivers & Utilities" DVD into a USB DVD-drive connect to your system. A setup utility launches and the following dialog appears.



Click on "**Automatic Driver Installation**" and the setup utility will automatically detect your Windows operating system and install all necessary drivers. The installation process takes about 6~8 minutes depending on your Windows version. Once driver installation is done, the setup utility reboots your Windows and you may begin using your system.



5.2.2 Install Drivers Manually

You can also manually install each driver for the system. Please note when installing drivers manually, you need to install the drivers in the following sequence mentioned below.

Windows 10 (x64)

The recommended driver installation sequence is

- 1. Chipset driver (x:\Driver_Pool\Chipset_10_APL\Win_ALL\SetupChipset.exe)
- 2. Graphics driver (x:\Driver_Pool\Graphics_SKL_APL\Win_7_8_10_APL_64\Setup.exe)
- 3. Audio driver (x:\Driver_Pool\Audio_ALC262\Win_ALL_64\Setup.exe)
- LAN driver
 (x:\Driver_Pool\GbE_I210_I350\Win_ALL_64\APPS\PROSETDX\Win10_x64\DxSetup.e xe)
- 5. ME driver (x:\Driver_Pool\ME_10_Series\Win_ALL_AMT\SetupME.exe)



5.3 Driver Installation for Watchdog Timer Control

Neousys provides a driver package which contain function APIs for Watchdog Timer control function. You should install the driver package (WDT_DIO_Setup.exe) in prior to use these functions. Please note that you must install WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.x or later versions.

Windows 10 (x64)

Please execute the driver setup program in the following directory.

x:\Driver_Pool\WDT_DIO\Win7_8_64\WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.x(x64).exe

Windows 10 (WOW64)

Please execute the driver setup program in the following directory.

x:\Driver_Pool\WDT_DIO\Win7_8_WOW64\WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.x(wow64).exe

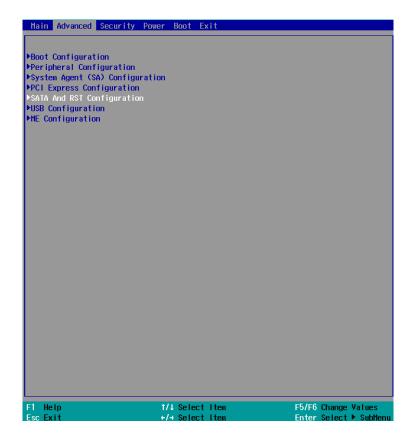


5.4 Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory BIOS Setup and Driver Installation

The system is compatible with Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology that supports the installation of Intel[®] OptaneTM memory to significantly boost traditional hard disk drive read and write performances. Intel® OptaneTM memory is Intel® RST's latest system acceleration solution featuring a dual-media/disk combination (ultrafast media for file and block caching + slow media for storage capacity) that is presented to the host OS as a single SSD. The ultrafast media utilizes PCIe NVMe SSDs that are based on Intel® OptaneTM technology with read speed of up to 3000Mb/ sec and write speed of up to 2000Mb/ sec.

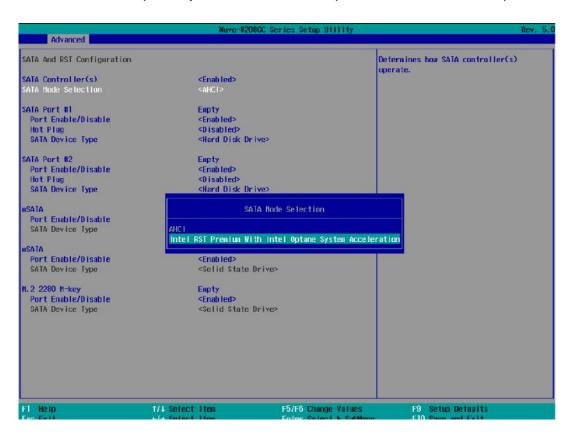
To setup Intel[®] Optane[™] memory, please perform the following steps:

- 1. Press the power button to startup your system (please restart if your system is already up and running) and press F2 to enter BIOS.
- 2. Go to "Advanced > SATA And RST Configuration".



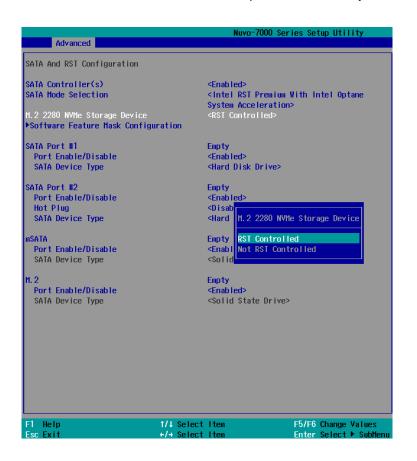


3. Go to "SATA Mode Selection", press the Enter key to bring up options, select "Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration" and press ENTER to select the option.





4. Go to "M.2 2280 NVMe Storage Device" and press the Enter key to bring up the selection, select "RST Controlled" and press the Enter key to select the option.



- 5. Press F10 to save and exit, and allow the system to boot into Windows.
- 6. In Windows, download Intel® RST driver if you don't already have it on hand. Right-click



on the SetupOptaneMemory.exe

and left-click on "Run as administrator" to

execute the setup file.



7. Follow the 6 step setup procedure as instructed.





8. Check the "I accept the terms in the License Agreement" box and click on "Next >" to continue the installation process.

Intel® Installation Framework	>
Intel® Optane™ Memory Step: 3/6	intel
LIMITATION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU, YOU MAY ALS VARY FROM JURISDICTION TO JURISDICTION. TERMINATION OF THIS AGREEMENT. Intel may term violate its terms. Upon termination, you will immediate copies of the Software to Intel. APPLICABLE LAWS. Claims arising under this Agreeme Delaware, excluding its principles of conflict of laws a Contracts for the Sale of Goods. You may not export export laws and regulations. Intel is not obligated un are in writing and signed by an authorized represents GOVERNMEINT RESTRICTED RIGHTS. The Software is Suse, duplication, or disclosure by the Government is GOVERNMEINT RESTRICTED RIGHTS. The Software is Government constitutes acknowledgment of Intel's pi Manufacturer is Intel Corporation, 2200 Mission College	O HAVE OTHER LEGAL RIGHTS THAT inate this Agreement at any time if you ely destroy the Software or return all ent will be governed by the laws of ind the United Nations Convention on t the Software in violation of applicable der any other agreements unless they ative of Intel. s provided with "RESTRICTED RIGHTS." subject to restrictions as set forth in successor. Use of the Software by the roprietary rights therein. Contractor or
☑ I accept the terms in the License Agreement.	×
ntel Corporation	< Back Next > Cancel
Intel® Installation Framework	>
Intel® Optane™ Memory Step: 4/6	intel
You are about to install the following components:	
Intel® Optane™ Memory	
Click 'Next' to install to the default folder, or dick 'Cha	inge' to choose another destination folder.
C:\Program Files\Intel\Intel(R) Optane Memory	
	Change
Create a desktop shortcut	



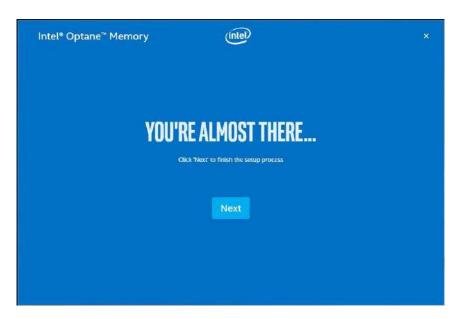
Intel® Installation Framework	
Intel® Optane™ Memory Step: 5/6	(intel)
Please wait while the product is being installed.	
Intel Corporation	

9. When done, click on "Finish" and restart the system.

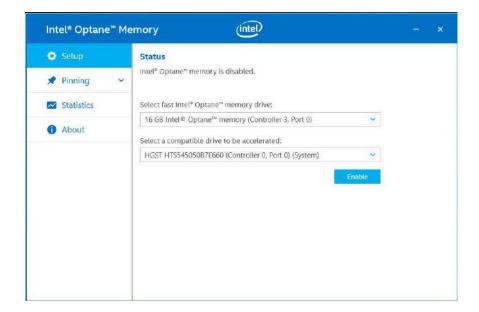
Intel® Installation Framework		×
Intek Step:	® Optane™ Memory 6/6	intel
	You have successfully installed the following product: Intel® Optane™ Memory	
	Please restart your PC to implement these changes. Would you like to restart	: your PC
	• Yes, I want to restart this computer now.	
	 No, I will restart this computer later. Note: A restart (not 'Shut down') is required to complete the installation processing. 	ess.
Intel Co	proration	Finish



10. Upon system restart, the following initialization screen will appear. Click on Next to continue.

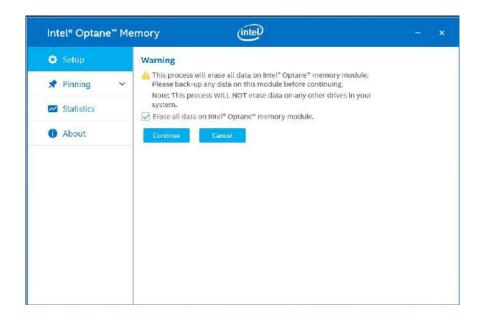


 In the Setup section, you will see your Intel® Optane[™] memory drive and compatible drive(s) that can be accelerated. Click on the downward arrow to bring up a selection of drives to be accelerated. Click on "Enable" when ready.

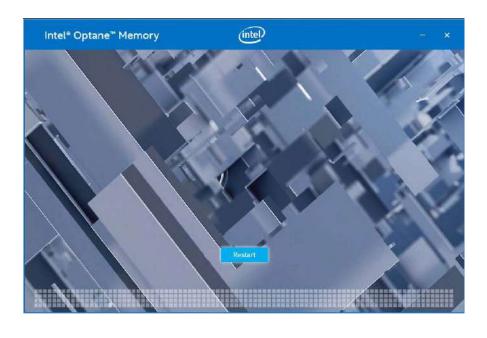




12. The data backup warning will appear, please backup any data you may have stored on your Intel® Optane[™] memory module before proceeding. Check the box "Erase all data on Intel® Optane[™] memory module" and click on Continue.



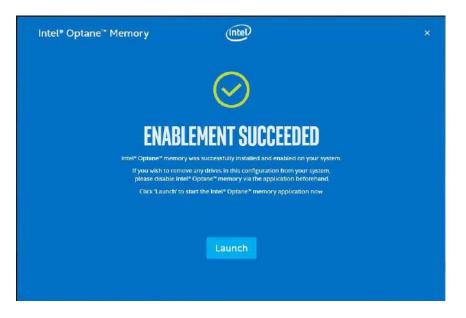
 When the Intel® Optane[™] memory module has been enabled, the installation window and a notification window at the bottom right corner will prompt you to restart the system.



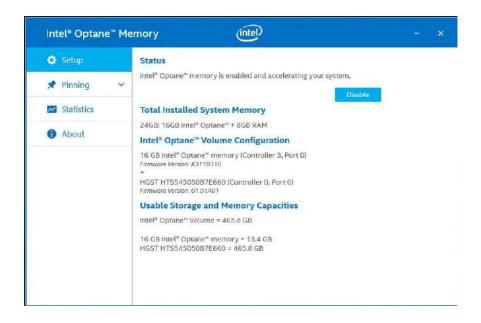
Intel® Optane™ Memory	×
Operation completed	
Please restart your computer to comp	lete the process.
	Restart



 Upon system restart, a successful enablement message will appear to indicate the Intel® Optane[™] memory module has been enable successfully.



15. Once enabled, the RST software Setup section should show your configuration information.





Appendix A Using WDT & DIO

The watchdog timer (WDT) function to ensure reliable system operation. The WDT is a hardware mechanism to reset the system if the watchdog timer is expired. Users can start the WDT and keeping resetting the timer to make sure the system or program is running. Otherwise, the system shall be reset.

In this section, we'll illustrate how to use the function library provided by Neousys to program the WDT functions. Currently, WDT driver library supports Windows 10 x64 and WOW64 platform. For other OS support, please contact Neousys Technology for further information.

Installing WDT_DIO Library

The WDT_DIO function library is delivered in the form of a setup package named **WDT_DIO_Setup.exe**. In prior to program WDT, you should execute the setup program and install the WDT library. Please use the following WDT_DIO_Setup packages according to your operating systems and application.

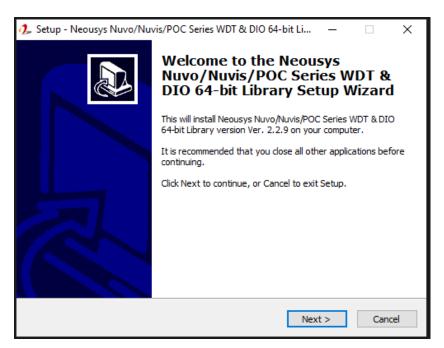
- For Windows 10 64-bit OS with 64-bit application (x64 mode), please install WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.x(x64).exe or later version.
- For Windows 10 64-bit OS with 32-bit application (WOW64 mode), please install WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.x(wow64).exe or later version.



WDT and DIO Library Installation

To setup WDT & DIO Library, please follow instructions below.

1. Execute **WDT_DIO_Setup.2.2.9.x.exe**. and the following dialog appears.

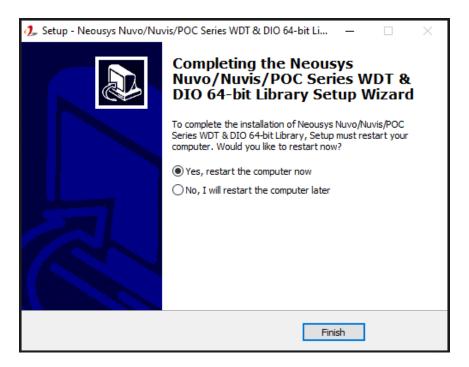


 Click "Next >" and specify the directory of installing related files. The default directory is C:Weousys\WDT_DIO.

🥠 Setup - Neousys Nuvo/Nuvis/POC Series WDT & DIO 64-bit Li — 🛛 🛛 🗙
Select Destination Location Where should Neousys Nuvo/Nuvis/POC Series WDT & DIO 64-bit Library be installed?
Setup will install Neousys Nuvo/Nuvis/POC Series WDT & DIO 64-bit Library into the following folder.
To continue, dick Next. If you would like to select a different folder, click Browse.
C:\Weousys\WDT_DIO(x64) Browse
At least 13.1 MB of free disk space is required.
< Back Next > Cancel



 Once the installation has finished, a dialog will appear to prompt you to reboot the system. The WDT & DIO library will take effect after the system has rebooted.



4. When programming your WDT or DIO program, the related files are located in

Header File:	\Include
Library File:	\Lib
Function	\Manual
Reference:	
Sample Code:	\Sample\WDT_Demo (Demo for Watchdog Timer)



WDT Functions

InitWDT

Syntax	BOOL InitWDT(void);
Description:	Initialize the WDT function. You should always invoke InitWDT() before set or start watchdog timer.
Parameter	None
Return Value	TRUE: Successfully initialized
	FALSE: Failed to initialize
Usage	BOOL bRet = InitWDT()

SetWDT

Syntax	BOOL SetWDT(WORD tick, BYTE unit);	
Description		
Description	Set timeout value and unit for watchdog timer. When InitWDT()	
	is invoked, a default timeout value of 255 seconds is assigned.	
Devementer	tick	
Parameter	WORD value (1 ~ 65535) to indicate timeout ticks.	
	unit	
	BYTE value (0 or 1) to indicate unit of timeout ticks.	
	0 : unit is minute	
	1: unit is second	
Return Value	If value of unit is correct (0 or 1), this function returns TRUE,	
Return value	otherwise FALSE.	
lloogo	WORD tick=255;	
Usage	BYTE unit=1; //unit is second.	
	BOOL bRet = SetWDT(tick, unit); //timeout value is 255	
	seconds	

StartWDT

Syntax	BOOL StartWDT(void);
Description	Starts WDT countdown. Once started, the WDT LED indicator will begin blinking. If ResetWDT() or StopWDT is not invoked before WDT countdowns to 0, the WDT expires and the system resets.
Parameter	None
Return Value	If the timeout value is given in correct format (WDT started), this function returns TRUE, otherwise FALSE
Usage	BOOL bRet = StartWDT()

ResetWDT

Syntax	BOOL ResetWDT(void);
Description	Reset the timeout value to the value given by SetWDT().If ResetWDT() or StopWDT is not invoked before WDT
	countdowns to 0, the WDT expires and the system resets.
Parameter	None
Return Value	Always returns TRUE
Usage	BOOL bRet = ResetWDT()

StopWDT

-	
Syntax	BOOL StopWDT(void);
Description	Stops the countdown of WDT. When WDT has stopped, the WDT LED indicator stops blinking.
Parameter	None
Return Value	Always returns TRUE
Usage	BOOL bRet = StopWDT()